McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXII. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1885. NUMBER 2.

McKean County Miner

L. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via B. B. & K. R. R. leaves Smethport at [illegible] a. m., and arrives [illegible] p. m. Mail via B. N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at [illegible] p. m. and leaves at 2 p. m. Coudersport & Colegrove Mail leaves at 12 m. and arrives at [illegible] p. m. [illegible] Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at [illegible] and departs at [illegible]. Money Orders will not be issued [illegible] between [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m. Office open every Sunday [illegible] for delivery of mail [illegible].

D. A. SPRAGUE P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 388, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.
W. D. GALLUP, W. M.
[illegible] BIRCH Sec'y

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 182, meets every Tuesday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
J. C. GALLUP M. W.
T. V. POWELL Recorder

G. A. R.

Post [illegible], G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening at the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
L. F. WRIGHT, Com.
A. [illegible] Adj't.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Saturday evening at Backus Hall.
[illegible] W. KING N. G.
W. H. WARDWELL Sec'y

Churches.

METHODIST—Wm. BRADLEY pastor. Preaching at 10½ a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after Sunday morning services. Class Meeting at 12 m. [illegible] Sunday. Prayer Meeting on Tuesday evenings [illegible]. Teachers' Meetings [illegible] Thursday evenings at 7 [illegible]. Church Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

BAPTIST—[illegible] pastor. Preaching at half past 10 a. m. and half past 7 p. m. Sabbath school directly after morning services. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 [illegible]. Covenant meetings Saturday before the [illegible] Lord's Supper [illegible] every [illegible] month. All are welcome.

EPISCOPAL—[illegible] Services [illegible] Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7 p. m. [illegible] Sunday school at [illegible].

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—[illegible] pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. [illegible] Sunday school at [illegible] p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

[illegible] W. D. Gallup [illegible]

[illegible] W. Smith [illegible] Luther [illegible] B. Smith [illegible]

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY

President Judge—[illegible] Olmsted, Coudersport. Associate Judges—[illegible] W. W. Brown, Bradford [illegible] Smethport. [illegible] Bradford. [illegible] Smethport. [illegible] Eldred [illegible] Smethport [illegible] Bradford [illegible] Smethport.

[illegible] Courts—[illegible] Monday in [illegible] May and September, and Third Monday of December.

State

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor—Chauncey F. Black.
Auditor General—John A. Lemon.
State Treasurer—[illegible] M. Bailey.
Secretary of Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Africa.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES, CONSTABLES and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

MISCELLANEOUS

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

is authorized to receive money for me, also applications to buy lands. He will give information personally relating to lands of this Estate in McKean County. His office is over

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK.

ROB'T C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.
WELLSBORO, Dec. [illegible]

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, Penn'a, Feb'y 25, 1879.

All persons are hereby cautioned against cutting timber from the lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. Any unauthorized entry upon the lands of this estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such persons or person liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have their contracts or leases. The [illegible] on the lands to which they refer, and the [illegible] All other [illegible] on lands of this estate unaccompanied by such evidence are without foundation in right.

ROB'T C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVEINT

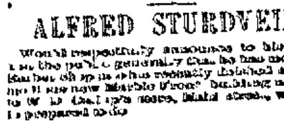
Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber shop to his newly finished and commodious rooms in the new Marble Front building next door to [illegible] store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest styles of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

F. C. PIERCE,



Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Office—Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26tf

Professional Cards.

Attorneys

BYRON D. HAMLIN DELANO R. HAMLIN

HAMLIN & SON.

LAW AND LAND OFFICE

Smethport, Pa.

Advice as Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

D. STERRETT ROBT. H. ROSE.

STERRETT & ROSE.

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

(Office in Grand Central Block.)

SMETHPORT PA.

JOHN C. BACKUS SHERIDAN GORTON

BACKUS & GORTON.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office.—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

E. L. KEENAN.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE—Grand Central Hotel, Rooms 10 & 11.

SMETHPORT, PA

All legal business attended to promptly

ORR & KOESTER.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office in Dunn & Wright Block.

Bradford, Pa.

Thos. A. Morrison John [illegible] Apple Notary Public.

MORRISON & APPLE.

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW,

Office—Nearly opposite the Court House,

SMETHPORT PA.

All legal business promptly attended to. Examination and abstracts of land titles, Orphans' Court practice and collections specialties.

W. J. MILLIKEN T. F. RICHMOND

MILLIKEN & RICHMOND.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business promptly attended to.

W. B. CHAPMAN & SON.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

OIL EXCHANGE

BRADFORD PA

P. FORD.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport. Pa.

J. K. WALLACE.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BRADFORD, PA

R. B. Sweeney M. H. Byles

McSWEENEY & BYLES.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

ROOM [illegible] PRODUCERS EXCHANGE

BRADFORD PA

GEO. A. STURGEON.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Room 10 Oil Exchange,

BRADFORD, PA

G. A. Berry M. F. Elliott D. H. Jack

BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

NOTARY PUBLIC U. S. COMMISSIONER.

Office in Berry's Building

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

E. L. Stone A. Leo Weil.

STONE & WEIL.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office in Pompelon Hall

Bradford. Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Corner Main and Pine Sts.

Bradford, Pa.

JAMES C. BOYCE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CASES.

Office Room 1, Cor Main & Webster Sts.

Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. R. MAYO.

Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.

P. R. COTTER.

ATTORNEY AT-LAW,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care

F. D. REEVES.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

(Office in Roberts & Bradley Block.)

BRADFORD, PA

SNYDER & COLCORD.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

OFFICES—Port Allegany, McKean county, and Coudersport, Potter county Pa.

Physicians

E. O. BROWN.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE Room No. 7 Rockwell Block.

SMETHPORT. PA

H. L. McCOY.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Backus Building, Main street.

Smethport, Pa.

S. D. FREEMAN,

Surgeon, Obstetrician and Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and 1 to 3 p. m.

Smethport, Pa.

R. J. SHARP,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Richmond & Fay's Drug Store.

Smethport, Pa.

EVAN O. KANE.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Kane, Pa.

Surgeon to Pittsburg & Western Railroad Co. Telephone call from Davis' store—[illegible]

S. A. BISHOP.

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

Smethport Pa.

[illegible] PAY FOR AGENTS. [illegible] per month made selling our Grand New History, Famous and Decisive Battles of the World. Write for [illegible] J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

Main St., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect

This house is commodiously built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

Main St., SMETHPORT, PA

H. S. SARTWELL, - Prop'r.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT

The Table and Bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel.

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.

W. D. CHAMBERS, Proprietor

This Hotel is new, is made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUES

Larrabees, Pa.

F. J. VICKERY, - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the McK. & B. and B. N. Y. & P. RR depots. The house has recently been rebuilt and newly furnished in the most modern style and is now a first class house. 38tf

BUCKTAIL HOTEL

KANE, PA.

R. C. LOOKER, Proprietor.

Remodeled and refurnished and one of the best Hotels in McKean County

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 8, Washington St.,

BRADFORD, PA.,

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. xviii45tf

Broezel's Hotel,

cor Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

We employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

All of our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT OUR SHOP and we will convince you that we can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1879.

Agents Wanted for **NAVAL** [illegible] **BATTLES.** [illegible] J. C. McCurdy & Co., [illegible] Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

STOMACH

BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the article for you. It stimulates the failing energies, invigorates the body and cheers the mind. It enables the system to throw off the debilitating effects of undue fatigue, gives renewed vigor to the organs of digestion, arouses the liver when inactive, renews the jaded appetite, and encourages healthful repose. Its ingredients are safe, and its credentials, which consist in the hearty endorsement of persons of every class of society, are most convincing. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

JAMES T. DONOHUE.

PLUMBER

SMETHPORT, PA.

In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Iron Sinks, Pumps, etc.

For the Splendid New Book

Agents Wanted THE WORLD'S WONDERS

AS SEEN BY THE GREAT

TROPICAL AND POLAR

Explorers,

Including the OFFICIAL HISTORY of the late GREELEY EXPEDITION in search of the North Pole.

All the achievements, discoveries, travels and adventures of the great explorers, with descriptions of wonderful countries, customs and habitations of strange and curious people, animals, birds and reptiles, the Wonders and Great Natural Curiosities of the Tropical and Polar Worlds, a full record of marvelous things on the earth, a full history of all the World's Greatest Wonders and [illegible] in one splendid, low priced, profusely illustrated volume. Embracing all the travels and discoveries in the Tropics [illegible] Speke and Grant, Sir Samuel Baker and wife, Livingstone, Stanley, DuChaillu, Wallace, Long, Squier, and numerous others. In the Arctic regions Franklin, Kane, Hayes, Hall, Schwatka, DeLong, Greeley, and many others. [illegible] of exploration, discovery and adventure in all parts of the world, with a history of savage races, strange beasts, birds and reptiles and Great Natural Wonders. A book of [illegible] value and rapid selling [illegible] quarto pages, over [illegible] splendid illustrations, low price, outsells all other books. Agents wanted [illegible] Write for pictorial circulars and extra terms. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., [illegible] Philadelphia, Pa.

1885.

Harper's Magazine,

ILLUSTRATED.

With the new volume beginning in December, HARPER'S MAGAZINE will conclude its thirty-fifth year. The oldest periodical of its type, it is yet, in each new volume, a new magazine, not simply because it presents fresh subjects and new pictures, but also, and chiefly, because it steadily advances in the method itself of magazine-making. In a word, the MAGAZINE becomes more and more the faithful mirror of current life and movement. Leading features in the attractive programme for 1885 are: new serial novels by CONSTANCE FENIMORE WOOLSON and W. D. HOWELLS; a novel entitled "At the Red Glove;" descriptive illustrated papers by F. D. MILLET, R. SWAIN GIFFORD, E. A. ABBEY, H. GIBSON, and others; Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by ABBEY; important papers on Art, Science, etc.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the MAGAZINE begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

The last Eleven Semi-annual Volumes of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3 00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1880, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4 00.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1885.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is the only paper in the world that combines the choicest literature and the finest art illustrations with the latest fashions and methods of household adornment. Its weekly illustrations and descriptions of the newest Paris and New York styles, with its useful pattern-sheet supplements and cut patterns, by enabling ladies to be their own dressmakers, save many times the cost of subscription. Its papers on cooking, the management of servants and housekeeping in its various details are eminently practical. Much attention is given to the interesting topic of social etiquette, and its illustrations of art needle-work are acknowledged to be unequalled. Its literary merit is of the highest excellence, and the unique character of its humorous pictures has won for it the name of the American *Punch*.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS,

Per Year

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the BAZAR begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Five Annual Volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1885.

Harper's Young People.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY

The serial and short stories in HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE have all the dramatic interest that juvenile fiction can possess, while they are wholly free from what is pernicious or vulgarly sensational. The humorous stories and pictures are full of innocent fun, and the papers on natural history and science, travel and the facts of life, are by writers whose names give the best assurance of accuracy and value. Illustrated papers on athletic sports, games and pastimes give full information on these subjects. There is nothing cheap about it but its price.

An epitome of everything that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature.—Boston Courier.

A weekly feast of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits.—Brooklyn Union.

It is wonderful in its wealth of pictures, information and interest.—Christian Advocate, N. Y.

TERMS: Postage Prepaid, $2 per year.

Vol. VI commences November 4, 1884.

Single numbers five cents each.

Remittances should be made by post-office money order or draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET

W. H. Wetenhall.

Smethport March 10, 1881.—y1.

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

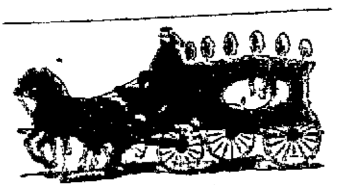
AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 8, 1882. 9-1y



Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls in addition to their present business.

DARK DAYS

BY HUGH CONWAY

Author of "Called Back."

CHAPTER I.

A PRAYER AND A VOW

When this story of my life, or of such portions of my life as present any out-of-the-common features, is read, it will be found that I have committed errors of judgment—that I have sinned not only socially, but also against the law of the land. In excuse I can plead but two things—the strength of love, the weakness of human nature.

If these carry no weight with you, throw the book aside. You are too good for me; I am too human for you. We cannot be friends. Read no further.

I need say nothing about my childhood; nothing about my boyhood. Let me hurry on to early manhood—to that time when the wonderful dreams of youth begin to leave us; when the impulse which can drive sober reason aside must be indeed a strong one; when one has learned to count the cost of every rash step, when the transient and fitful flames of the boy have settled down to a steady glowing fire which will burn until only ashes are left; when the strength, the nerve, the intellect, is or should be at its height, when, in short, one's years number thirty.

Yet, what was I then? A soured, morose, disappointed man, without ambition, without care for the morrow, without a goal or object in life. Breathing, eating, drinking, as by instinct. Rising in the morning and wishing the day was over; lying down at night and caring little whether the listless eyes I closed might open again or not.

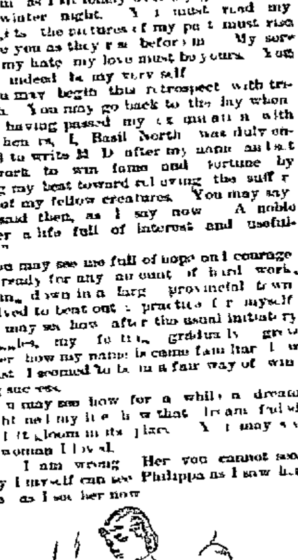
And why? Ah! to know why you must sit with me as I sit lonely over my glowing fire one winter night. You must read my thoughts, the pictures of my past must rise before you as they rise before me. My sorrow, my hate, my love must be yours. You must indeed be my very self.

You may begin this retrospect with triumph. You may go back to the day when, after having passed my examination with high honors, I, Basil North, was duly entitled to write M. D. after my name and start to work to win fame and fortune by doing my best toward relieving the sufferings of my fellow creatures. You may say, as I said then, as I say now: "A noble career, a life full of interest and usefulness."

You may see me full of hope and courage and ready for any amount of hard work, settling down in a large provincial town resolved to beat out a practice for myself. You may see how, after the usual initiatory struggles, my footing gradually grew firmer, how my name became familiar. I was at last. I seemed to be in a fair way of winning success.

You may see how for a while a dream brightened my life [illegible] how that dream faded and left its gloom in its place. You may see the woman I loved.

No, I am wrong. Her you cannot see. Only I myself can see Philippa as I saw her then—as I see her now.



Philippa as I saw her then—as I see her now.

Heavens! how fair she was! Her glorious, her rich dark beauty! How different from the pink white and yellow dolls whom I have seen exalted as the types of perfection! Warm Southern blood ran through her veins and tinged her clear brown cheek with color. Her mother was an English woman, but it was Spain that gave her daughter that exquisite grace, those wondrous dark eyes and long curled lashes, that mass of soft black hair, that passionate, impulsive nature and perhaps that queenlike carriage and dignity. The English mother may have given the girl many good gifts, but her beauty came from the father whom she had never known, the Andalusian, who died while she was but a child in arms.

Yet in spite of her foreign graces Philippa was English. Her Spanish descent was to her but a tradition. [illegible] Her father's nationality [illegible] spent most of his time in this country.

When did I learn to love her? Ask me rather when I first saw her. Even then [illegible] as my eyes fell upon the girl [illegible] revelation that for me life [illegible] meant one and the same thing. Till that moment there was no woman in the world the sight of whom would have quickened my pulse by a beat. I had read and heard of such love as this. I had laughed at it. There seemed no room for such an all-engrossing passion in my busy life. Yet all at once I loved as man has never loved before. And as I sit to-night and gaze into the fire I tell myself that the objectless life I am leading is the only one possible for the man who loved but failed to win Philippa.

Our first meeting was brought about in the most prosaic way. Her mother, who suffered from a chronic disease, consulted me professionally. My visits, first those of a doctor, soon became those of a friend, and I was free to woo the girl to the best of my ability.

Philippa and her mother lived in a small house on the outskirts of the town. They were not rich people, but had enough to keep the pinch of poverty from their lives. The mother was a sweet, quiet, ladylike woman, who bore her sufferings with resignation. Her health was, indeed, wretched. The only thing which seemed likely to benefit her was a continual change of air and scene. After attending her for about six months, I was in conscience bound to indorse the opinion of her former medical advisers, and tell her it would be well for her to try another change.

My heart was heavy as I gave this advice. If adopted, it meant that Philippa and I must part.

But why during those six months, had I not, passionately in love as I was, won the young girl's heart? Why did she not save me as my affianced bride? Why did I let her leave me at all?

The answer is short. She loved me not. Not that she had ever told me so in words. I had never asked her in words for her love. But she must have known—she must have known, for when I was with her every look, every action of mine must have told her the truth! Women are not fools or blind. A man, loving as I did, who can conceal the true state of his feelings must be more than mortal.

I had not spoken. I dared not speak. Better uncertainty with hope than certainty with despair. The day on which Philippa refused my love would be as the day of death to me.

Besides, what had I to offer her? Although succeeding fairly well for a beginner, at present I could only ask the woman I made my wife to share comparative poverty. And Philippa! Ah! I would have wrapped Philippa in luxury! All that wealth could buy ought to be hers. Had you seen her in the glory of her fresh young beauty you would have smiled at the presumption of the man who could expect such a being to become the wife of a hard working and as yet ill-paid doctor. You would have felt that she should have had the world at her feet.

Had I thought that she loved me I might perhaps have dared to hope she would even then have been happy as my wife. But she did not love me. Moreover, she was ambitious.

She knew—small blame to her—how beautiful she was. Do I wrong her when I say that in those days she looked for the gift of rank and riches from the man who loved her? She knew that she was a queen among women, and expected a queen's dues. ([illegible] my words cruel!) They are the cruelest I have spoken, or shall speak, against you. Forgive them!

We were friends—great friends. Such friendship is love's bane. It buoys false hopes, it lulls to security, it leads astray, it is a staff which breaks suddenly, and wounds the hand which leans upon it. So little it seems to need to make friendship grow into love, and yet how seldom that little is added! The love which begins with hate or dislike is often luckier than that which begins with friendship. Lovers cannot be friends.

Philippa and her mother left my neighborhood. They went to London for awhile. I heard from them occasionally, and once or twice, when in town, called upon them. Time went by. I worked hard at my profession the while, striving, by sheer toil, to drive away the dream from my life. Alas! I strove in vain. To love Philippa was to love her forever!

One morning a letter came from her. I tore it open. The news it contained was grievous. Her mother had died suddenly. Philippa was alone in the world. So far as I knew, she had not a relative left, and I believed, perhaps hoped, that, save myself, she had no friend.

I needed no time for consideration. That afternoon I was in London. If I could not comfort her in her great sorrow I could at least sympathize with her; could undertake the management of the many business details which are attendant upon a death.

Poor Philippa! She was glad to see me. Through her tears she flashed me a look of gratitude. I did all I could for her, and stayed in town until the funeral was over. Then I was obliged to think of going home. What was to become of the girl?

Kith or kin she had none, nor did she meant on the name of any friend who would be willing to receive her. As I suspected, she was absolutely alone in the world. As soon as my back was turned she would have no one on whom she could count for sympathy or help.

It must have been her utter loneliness which urged me, in spite of my better judgment, in spite of the fear which still oppressed me, to throw myself at her feet and declare the desire of my heart. My words I cannot recall, but I think—I know I pleaded eloquently. Such passion as mine gives power and intensity to the most unpracticed speaker. Yet long before my appeal was ended I knew that I pleaded in vain. Her eyes, her manner, told me she loved me not.

Then, not fearing her present helplessness, I checked myself. I begged her to forget the words I had spoken; not to answer them now; to let me say them again in some months' time. Let me still be her friend, and render her such service as I could.

She shook her head; she held out her hand. The first action meant the refusal of my love; the second the acceptance of my friendship. I schooled myself to calmness, and we discussed her plans for the future.

She was living in a house in a quiet respectable street near Regent's Park. She expressed her intention of staying on here for a while.

"But alone!" I exclaimed.

"Why not? What have I to fear? Still, I am open to reason if you can suggest another plan."

I could suggest no other. Philippa was past twenty one, and would at once succeed to whatever money had been her mother's. This was enough to live upon. She had no friends, and must live somewhere. Why should she not stay in her present lodgings? Nevertheless, I trembled as I thought of this beautiful girl all alone in London. Why could she not love me! Why could she not be my wife! It needed all my self restraint to keep me from breaking afresh into passionate appeals.

As she would not give me the right to dispose of her future I could do nothing more. I bade her a sad farewell, then went back to my home to conquer my unhappy love, or to suffer from its fresh throes.

Conquer it! Such love as mine is never conquered. It is a man's life. Philippa was never absent from my thoughts. Let my frame of mind be gay or grave, Philippa was always present.

Now and then she wrote to me, but her letters told me little as to her mode of life. They were short friendly epistles, and gave me little hope.

Yet I was not quite hopeless. I felt that I had been too hasty in asking her for her love so soon after her mother's death. Let her recover from the shock, then I will try again. Three months was the time which in my own mind I resolved should elapse before I again approached her with words of love. Three months! How wearily they dragged themselves away!

Toward the end of my self-imposed term of probation I fancied that a brighter, gayer tone manifested itself in Philippa's letters. Fool that I was, I augured well from this.

Telling myself that such love as mine must win in the end I went to London, and once more was in her presence. She received me kindly. Although her garb was still that of deep mourning never I thought had she looked more beautiful. Not long after our first greeting did I wait before I began to plead again. She stopped me at the outset.

"Basil," she said, "I have forgotten your former words. Let us still be friends."

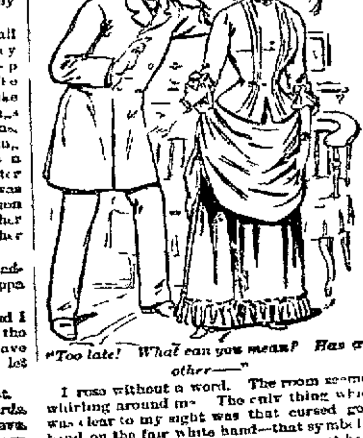
"Never!" I cried passionately. "Philippa, answer me once for all: tell me you can love me."

She looked at me compassionately. "How can I best answer you?" she said musingly. "The sharpest remedy is perhaps the kindest. Basil, will you understand me when I say it is too late?"

"Too late! What can you mean? Has another—"

The words died on my lips as Philippa, drawing a ring from the fourth finger of her left hand, showed me that it concealed a plain gold circlet. Her eyes met mine imploringly.

"I should have told you before," she said sorrowfully, "and no one [illegible] but there were reasons—even now I am pledged to tell no one. Basil, I only show you this because I know you will take no other answer."



"Too late! What can you mean? Has another——"

I rose without a word. The room seemed whirling around me. The only thing which was clear to my sight was that cursed gold band on the fair white hand—that symbol of possession by another! In that moment hope and all the sweetness of life seemed swept away from me.

Something in my face must have told her how her news affected me. She came to me and laid her hand upon my arm. I trembled like a leaf beneath her touch. She looked beseechingly into my face.

"Oh, not like that!" she cried. "Basil, I am not worth it. I should not have made you happy. You will forget—you will find another. If I have wronged or misled you, say you forgive me. Let me hear you, my true friend, wish me happiness."

I strove to force my dry lips to frame some conventional phrase. In vain! words would not come. I sank into a chair and covered my face with my hands.

The door opened suddenly and a man entered. He may have been about forty years of age. He was tall and remarkably handsome. He was dressed with scrupulous care, but there was something written on his face which told me it was not the face of a good man. As I rose from my chair he glanced from me to Philippa with an air of suspicious inquiry.

"Dr. North, an old friend of my mother's and mine," she said with composure. "Mr. Farmer," she added, and a rosy blush crept round her neck as she indicated the new comer by the name which I felt sure was now also her own.

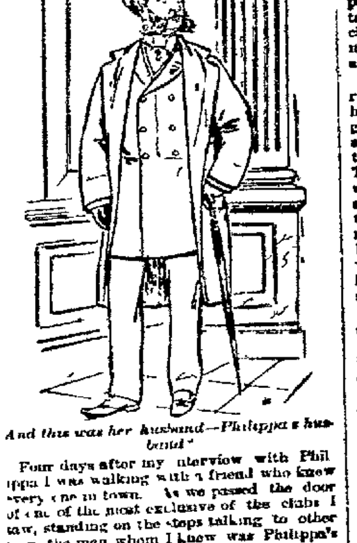
I bowed mechanically. I made a few disjointed remarks about the weather and kindred topics, then I shook hands with Philippa and left the house, the most miserable man in England.

Philippa married, and married secretly! How could her pride have stooped to a clandestine union! What manner of man was he who had won her? Heavens! he must be hard to please if he cared not to show his conquest to the light of day. Cur! sneak! coward! villain! Stay, he may have his own reasons for concealment—reasons known to Philippa and approved of by her. Not a word against her. She is still my queen; the one woman in the world to me. What she has done is right!

I passed a sleepless night. In the morning I wrote to Philippa. I wished her all happiness—I could command my pen, if not my tongue. I said no word about the secrecy of the wedding, or the evils so often consequent to such concealment. But, with a foreboding of evil to come I begged her to remember that we were friends, that, although I could see her no more, whenever she wanted a friend's aid, a word would bring me to her side. I used no word of blame. I risked no expression of love or regret. No thought of my grief should jar upon the happiness which she doubtless expected to find. Farewell to the one dream of my life! Farewell, Philippa!

Such a passion as mine may, in these matter-of-fact, unromantic days, seem an anachronism. No matter whether to sympathy or ridicule, I am but laying bare my true thoughts and feelings.

I would not return to my home at once. I shrank from going back to my lonely hearth and beginning to eat my heart out. I had made arrangements to stay in town for some days, so I stayed, trying by a course of what is termed gayety to drive remembrance away. Futile effort! How many have tried the same reputed remedy without success!



And this was her husband—Philippa's husband!

Four days after my interview with Philippa I was walking with a friend who knew every one in town. As we passed the door of one of the most exclusive of the clubs I saw, standing on the steps talking to other men, the man whom I knew was Philippa's husband. His face was turned from me, so I was able to direct my friend's attention to him.

"Who is that man?" I asked.

"That man with the gardenia in his coat is Sir Mervyn Ferrand."

"Who is he? What is he? What kind of a man is he?"

"A baronet. Not very rich. Just about the usual kind of man you see on those steps. Very popular with the ladies, they tell me."

"Is he married?"

"Heaven knows! I don't. I never heard of a Lady Ferrand, although there must be several who are morally entitled to use the designation."

And this was her husband—Philippa's husband!

I clinched my teeth. Why had he married under a false name? Or if she knew that name by which she introduced him to me was false, why was it assumed? Why had the marriage been clandestine? Not only Sir Mervyn Ferrand, but the noblest in the land should be proud of winning Philippa! The more I thought of the matter the more wretched I grew. The dread that she had been in some way deceived almost drove me mad. The thought of my proud, beautiful queen some day finding herself humbled to the dust by a scoundrel's deceit was anguish. What could I do?

My first impulse was to demand an explanation, then and there, from Sir Mervyn Ferrand. Yet I had no right or authority so to do. What was I to Philippa save an unsuccessful suitor? Moreover I felt that she had revealed her secret to me in confidence. If there were good reasons for the concealment, I might do her irretrievable harm by letting this man know that I was aware of his true position in society. No! I could not call him to account. But I must do something, or in time to come my grief may be rendered doubly deep by self reproach.

The next day I called upon Philippa. She would at least tell me if the name under which the man married her was the true or the false one. Alas! I found that she had left her home the day before—left it to return no more. The landlady had no idea whither she had gone but believed it was her intention to leave England.

After this I threw prudence to the winds. With some trouble I found Sir Mervyn Ferrand's town address. The next day I called on him. He also I was informed, had just left England. His destination was also unknown.

I turned away moodily. All chance of doing good was at an end. Let the marriage be true or false Philippa had departed, accompanied by the man who, for purposes of his own passed under the name of Farmer, but who was really Sir Mervyn Ferrand.

I went back to my home, and amid the wreck of my life's happiness murmured a prayer and registered an oath. I prayed that honor and happiness might be the lot of her I loved. I swore that were she wronged I would with my own hand take vengeance on the man who wronged her.

For myself I prayed nothing—not even forgetfulness. I loved Philippa. I had lost her forever! The past, the present, the future were all summoned up in those words!

CHAPTER II.

A VILLAIN'S BLOW.

They tell me there are natures stern enough to be able to crush love out of their lives. Ah! not such love as mine! Time, they say, can heal every wound. Not such a wound as mine! My whole existence underwent a change when Philippa showed me the wedding ring on her finger. No wonder it did. Hope was eliminated from it. From that moment I was a changed man.

Life was no longer worth living. The spur of ambition was blunted, the desire for fame gone, the interest which I had hitherto felt in my profession vanished. All the spring, the elasticity, seemed taken out of my being. For months and months I did my work in a perfunctory manner. It gave me no satisfaction that my practice grew larger. I worked, but I cared nothing for my work. Success gave me no pleasure. An increase to the number of my patients was positively unwelcome to me. So long as I made money enough to supply my daily needs, what did it matter? Of what use was wealth to me! It could not buy me the one thing for which I craved. Of what use was life! No wonder that such friends as I had once possessed all but forsook me. My mood at that time was none of the sweetest. I wanted no friends. I was alone in the world. I should be always alone.

So things went on for more than a year. I grew worse instead of better. My gloom deepened, my cynicism grew more confirmed, my life became more and more aimless.

These are not lovers' rhapsodies. I would spare you them if I could, but it is necessary that you should know the exact state of my mind in order to understand my subsequent conduct. Even now it seems to me that I am writing this description with my heart's blood.

Not a word came from Philippa. I made no inquiries about her, took no steps to trace her. I dared not. Not for one moment did I forget her, and through all those weary months tried to think of her as happy and to be envied, yet, in spite of myself, I shuddered as I pictured her lot as it might really be.

But all the while I knew that the day would come when I should learn whether I was to be thankful that my prayer had been answered, or to be prepared to keep my vow.

In my misanthropical state of mind I heard without the slightest feeling of joy or elation that a distant relative of mine, a man from whom I expected nothing, had died and left me the bulk of his large property. I cared nothing for this unexpected wealth, except for the fact that it enabled me to free myself from a round of toil in which by now I took not the slightest interest. Had it but come two or three years before. Alas! all the things in this life come too late.

Now that I was no longer forced to mingle with men in order to gain the means of living, I absolutely shunned my kind. The wish of my youth, to travel in far countries, no longer existed with me. I disposed of my practice—or rather I simply handed it over to the first comer. I left the town of my adoption and bought a small house—it was little more than a cottage—some five miles away from the tiny town of Roding. Here I was utterly unknown, and could live exactly as I chose, and for months it was my choice to live almost like a hermit.

My needs were ministered to by a man who had been for some years in my employment. He was a handy, faithful fellow, honest as the day, stolid as the Sphinx; and, for some reason or other, so much attached to me that he was willing to perform on my behalf the duties of housekeeping which are usually relegated to female servants.

Looking back upon that time of seclusion, as a medical man, I wonder what would eventually have been my fate if events had not occurred which once more forced me into the world of men! I firmly believe that brooding in solitude over my grief would at last have affected my brain; that sooner or later I must have developed symptoms of melancholia. Professionally speaking, the probabilities are I should have committed suicide.

Even in the depth of my degradation I must have known the dangers of the path which I was treading, for, after having passed six dreary months in my lonely cottage, I was trying to brace myself to seek a change of scene. I shrank from leaving my quiet abode, but every day formed afresh the resolve to do so.

Yet the days, each the same as its forerunner, went by, and I was still there. I had books, of course. I read for days together, then I would throw the volumes aside, and, with a bitter smile, ask myself to what end was I directing my studies. The accumulation of knowledge! Tush! I would give all the learning I had acquired, all that a lifetime of research could acquire, to hold Philippa for one brief moment to my heart, and hear her say she loved me! If in the whirl of men, in the midst of hard work, I found it impossible to conquer my hopeless passion, how could I expect to do so living as I at present lived!

There! my egotistical descriptions are almost over. Now you know why I said that you must sit by the fire and think with me, must enter, as it were, into my inner self before you can understand my mental state. Whether you sympathize with me or not depends entirely on your own organization. If you are so constructed that the love of one woman, and one only, can pervade your very being, fill your every thought, direct your every action, make life to you a blessing or a curse—if love comes to you in this guise, you will be able to understand me.

That night, when I first presented myself to you, my wounds seemed less likely than ever to heal, forgetfulness seemed further and further away. Somehow as my thoughts took the well-worn road to the past, every event seemed recent as yesterday; every scene vivid as if I had just left it. Hour after hour I sat gazing at the glowing embers, but seeing only Philippa's beloved face. How had life fared with her? Where was she at this moment? The resolve to quit my seclusion was made anew by me. I would go into the world and find her—not for any selfish motive. I would learn from her own lips that she was happy. If unhappy, she should have from me such comfort as the love of a true friend can give. Yes. I would leave this wretched life to-morrow. My cheek flushed as I contrasted what I was with what I ought to be. No man has a right to ruin his life or hide his talents for the sake of a woman.

I had another inducement which urged me to make a change in my mode of life. I am ashamed that I have not spoken of it. That morning I had received a letter from my mother. I had not seen her for six years. Just as I entered man's estate she married for the second time. My stepfather was an American, and with many tears my mother left me for her new home. Some months ago her husband died. I should have gone to her, but she forbade me. She had no children by her second husband, and now that his affairs were practically wound up she proposed returning to England. Her letter told me that she would be in London in three days' time, and suggested that I should meet her there.

Although of late years we had drifted apart, she was dear, very dear to me. I hated the thought of her seeing me, her only child, reduced to such a wreck of my former self; yet for her sake I again renewed my resolve of leaving my seclusion.

Yet I knew that to-morrow I should forswear myself, and sink back into my apathy and aimless existence. Ah! I knew not what events were to crowd into the morrow!

But now back to the night. It was midwinter, and bitterly cold out of doors. My lamp was not yet lighted, the glow of my fire alone broke the darkness of the room. I had not even drawn the curtains or shut the shutters. At times I liked to look out and see the stars. They shone so peacefully, so calmly, so coldly, they seemed so unlike the world, with its strife and fierce passions and disappointments.

I rose languidly from my chair and walked to the window to see what sort of a night it was. As I approached the casement I could see that the skies had darkened, moreover, I noticed that feathery flakes of snow were accumulating in the corner of each pane. I went close to the window and peered out into the night.

Standing within a yard of me, gazing into my dimly lit room, her face stern and pale as death, her dark eyes now riveted on my own, was a woman, and that woman was Philippa, my love!

For several minutes I stood, spellbound, gazing at her. That I saw more than a phantom of my imagination did not at once enter into my head. In dreams I had seen her I loved again and again, but this was the first time my waking thoughts had conjured up such a vision. Vision, dream, reality! I trembled as I looked, for the form was that of Philippa in dire distress.

It was seeing the hood which covered her head grow whiter and whiter with the fast falling snow which aroused me to my senses, and made every fiber thrill with the thought that Philippa, in flesh and blood, stood before me. With a low cry of rapture I tore asunder the fastenings of the French casement, threw the sashes apart, and without a word my love passed from the cold, bleak night into my room.

She was wrapped from head to foot in a rich dark fur-trimmed cloak. As she swept by me I felt she was damp with partially-thawed snow. I closed the window, then, with a throbbing heart, turned to greet my visitor. She stood in the centre of the room. Her mantle had fallen to the ground, and through the dusk I could see her white face, hands and neck. I took her hands in mine, they were as cold as icicles.

"Philippa! Philippa! why are you here?" I whispered. "Welcome, thrice welcome, whether you bring me joy or sorrow."

A trembling ran through her. She said nothing, but her cold hands clasped mine closer. I led her to the fire, which I stirred until it blazed brightly. She knelt before it and stretched out her hands for warmth. How pale she looked! how unlike the Philippa of old! But to my eyes how lovely!

As I looked down at the fair woman kneeling at my feet, with her proud head bent as in shame, I knew intuitively that I should be called upon to keep my oath; and knowing this, I re-registered it in all its entirety.

At last she raised her face to mine. In her eyes was a sombre fire, which until now I had never seen there. "Philippa! Philippa!" I cried again.

"Fetch a light," she whispered. "Let me see a friend's face once more—if you are still my friend."

"Your friend, your true friend forever," I said, as I hastened to obey her.

As I placed the lamp on the table Philippa arose from her knees. I could now see that she was in deep mourning. Was the thought that flashed through me, that it might be that she was a widow, one of joy or sorrow? I hope—I try to believe it was the latter.

We stood for some moments in silence. My agitation, my rapture at seeing her once more seemed to have deprived me of speech. I could do little more than to gaze at her and tell myself that I was not dreaming; that Philippa was really here; that it was [illegible]

(Continued.)

EMPHATIC GUARANTEES.

Which are Justified by an Extraordinary Public Experience.

TO THE PUBLIC.—*Greeting:* As the conductors of the largest business of the kind in the world, (and therefore having an extraordinary experience), we feel justified in making the following statements:

Our Theory Proved.

FIRST.—We have held from the beginning that most of the common ailments are caused primarily by kidney and liver disorders, not primarily by bad blood; that is caused by temporary or chronic derangement of the kidneys and liver, and that by restoring these blood-purifying organs to health, we could cure most of the common ailments. Other practitioners, however, have held that extreme kidney and liver disorders were incurable. We have proved to the contrary in thousands of cases.

Safeguards Against Epidemics.

SECOND.—The kidneys and liver are the sewers of the system, and unless they are kept in perfect working order no amount of public sanitation can prevent epidemics raging among the people. The prudent man, in the winter and spring, will fortify the system against any such possibility. Dr. Koch, the celebrated German scientist and physician, says, for instance, that cholera will have but little effect among those who keep the digestive organs and the kidneys and liver in healthful operation. Warner's safe remedies are the best scientific correctives and preventives, and should be used now as a safeguard against any future scourge.

Scientific Specifics.

THIRD.—We do not cure every known disease from one bottle, for Warner's safe remedies number seven scientific specifics, which have been put upon the market, only in obedience to strong public demand.

Recognized Standards.

FOURTH.—Warner's safe remedies, spite of all opposition, have won the favor of the profession as well as the masses, and are recognized as the leading standard medical preparations.

Strong Guarantees.

FIFTH.—After six years of unequalled experience, we can give these unqualified guarantees.

GUARANTEE I.—Pure and harmless. That Warner's safe remedies are pure and harmless.

GUARANTEE II.—Testimonials genuine. That the testimonials used by us, so far as we know, are bona fide, with a forfeit of $5,000 for proof to the contrary.

GUARANTEE III.—Curative effects permanent. That Warner's safe remedies are not merely temporary, but permanent, in their curative effects and will sustain every claim, if used sufficiently and as directed.

Proofs of Permanency.

SIXTH.—Special inquiry among hundreds of our oldest patients resulted in unequivocal testimony that the cures wrought six, five, four and three years ago, were permanent. And most of those patients were pronounced incurable when they began Warner's safe remedies.

Read a few of thousands of testimonials.

Rev. Andrew J. Graham, Grand Island, Neb., was cured of bright's disease in 1881, by Warner's safe cure, and in 1884 he reported that all local trouble had disappeared.

Elder James S. Prescott, box [illegible], Cleveland, Ohio, in 1878 was pronounced incurable of bright's disease; in 1879 he began the use of Warner's safe cure, and in 1884 he reported "health never better; just past 80th year; am an enthusiast for Warner's safe cure."

Charles D. Crandall, P. M., Big Rapids, Mich., was sick four years from kidney disease; in 1884 he reported "the benefits derived from Warner's safe cure, four years ago, were permanent; have no trouble since."

Rev. E. D. Hopkins, Dodge's Corners, Wis., suffered for many years with kidney disorder, and was confined in an Asylum; he began using Warner's safe cure in 1882, and December 15, 1884, he reported himself sound and well.

C. F. B. Haskell, locating engineer of the B. C. & N. R. R., Dakota, in 18[illegible] reported that his wife was utterly prostrated with female difficulties and at times was out of her head, finding no relief from physicians, was restored to health by Warner's safe cure and Nov., 1884, Mr. H. wrote "my wife has never seen the slightest return of her difficulty."

SEVENTH.—It is a source of great gratification to us that Warner's safe remedies have been permanently beneficial to so many sufferers. This permanency of power over disease gives them the most exalted rank, and in this particular they have no equal.

H. H. WARNER & Co.
Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 1, 1885.

Four or five years ago the town of Los Angeles contained 10,000 to 12,000 people, and land within reach of water could be bought for $25 per acre. Los Angeles now contains 25,000 people, and when you ask a man what he would take for grape or orange land with water on it, he inquires whether you take him for an idiot! There is land near water which can be bought for $300, or $350 per acre, but land with oranges, or olives, or lemons planted and bearing is not for sale, except at some ridiculous price. In fact, in Los Angeles, and to some extent in Santa Barbara county, the thing has been overdone, and lands are held so high as to repel settlers.

New Use for Plumbago.

[Exchange.]

A Frenchman has devised a process of giving to felt a slight coating of plumbago or metal, by which the appearance of burnished steel, copper, bronze or silver may be imitated. The product is likely to prove very useful when applied to stage properties, as, besides being inexpensive, it does not materially increase the weight of articles treated with it.

Civilization Has Its Drawbacks.

[Scientific Exchange.]

It is said that not only has the acuteness of vision of civilized men fallen below the standard common among savage nations, but at the same time the eyes of civilized men often depart from the normal or approximately spherical formation, either becoming flattened from front to back, so as to bring the retina too near the surface, or elongate from front to back, so as to remove the retina too far from the surface.

The Mirror-Manufacturing Industry.

[Chicago Tribune.]

England is at the head of the mirror-manufacturing industry of the world, producing 750,000 square yards annually. France produces 500,000 square yards and Germany 240,000 square yards. In this country the principal manufactory at Lenox Furnace, Mass., produces about 110,000 square yards a year. There are other smaller manufactories in Kentucky, Indiana and Missouri.

The Japanese girl when she goes into company paints her face white, her lips and the corners of her eyes red, with two slate-colored spots on her forehead.

Had Simply Been Waiting.

[New York Star.]

A young lady up-town was recently missing from home for several days. Her distracted parents sent detectives forth in search of her, and after they had searched the country in vain she was given up. The grief of her parents knew no bounds, and when they were just resigning themselves to the awful calamity the young lady walked in and stated that she had simply been waiting for her change in a Sixth avenue dry goods store.

Whitehall Times: The finger of Time points out our errors and the hand of Fate spanks us.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
Payable in advance, one year $1.50; six months, $1.00; three months, 75 cents.
ADVERTISING RATES.
Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square [illegible] for one insertion [illegible] for three insertions [illegible]
[illegible]
Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion [illegible] for each subsequent insertion.
[illegible]
[illegible] Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Jan. 9, 1885.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Governor Pattison's message to the legislature upon its organization on Tuesday last was a singular document. Some of its recommendations are excellent, while others are of the most [illegible] character. He starts in showing where the revenues of the state come from and for what purposes they are disbursed. He urges legislation which will effect an equalization of taxation in which property that is the most productive shall pay the bulk of the taxes which are raised for the support of the government. The proposition that the banks where the money of the state is deposited should be designated by act of assembly will meet with approval by every man who is in favor of honest dealing.

The work of the Pardon Board receives remarkable attention but will not interest people outside of those directly interested. The governor thinks that the insane are not provided for as they should be, and insists that the state charities should be provided for in preference to private institutions, in which the people of the state will generally concur.

The efficiency of the national guard is highly commended, but the State Agricultural Society is given to understand that it is a private concern and not worthy the slight appropriation which it has received for many years back. The governor contends that the state board of Agriculture should be the recognized agricultural society of the state and entrusted with all the funds appropriated for such purposes. The facts are that the State Agricultural Society was in existence before Governor Pattison had shed his swaddling cloths, and years before the state Board of Agriculture was conceived. The latter concern has sprung into existence within the past few years and its ambition has been to supplant the grand old agricultural society of the state, under the auspices of which all the agricultural exhibitions have ever been held. We do not believe the legislature will go back on the farmers for this new fangled concern over which the governor presides.

The entire wiping out of the present system of appraising and collecting mercantile taxes is recommended.

The governor throws himself into a state of frenzy over the offices of senate Librarian and Resident Clerk of the house. Evidently the gentlemen who fill these positions have crossed the governor's path, have interfered in some way with prerogatives which he imagines belong exclusively to the executive department. He complains bitterly because the legislature in its wisdom takes the responsibility of making certain repairs and furnishing its own apartments, but we are inclined to the opinion that the legislature will give no heed to the childish whimperings on this subject which occupies so much of the space of the message. He recommends the abolishment of the two offices of librarian of the senate and resident clerk of the house which even will not startle the public during his official life.

The two most profitable offices in the state government are the Secretary of the Commonwealth and Attorney General. They not only receive handsome salaries, but fees which aggregate a considerable sum in the course of a year. The governor recommends a fixed salary with no fees but any legislation on this subject can not affect the present incumbents, therefore the members of the governor's official household are not losing any sleep on the subject.

The recommendation that members of the legislature should receive fixed salaries is one that should be heeded. The people of the state, irrespective of party, would endorse the action of the legislature if a fixed salary of not more than $1500 was provided by statute as the future pay of members of the legislature. The jugglery of 1874 which provides for a thousand dollars for 100 days service, and $10 per day for every day over 100 not exceeding 150, ought to be superseded by the present legislature. That kind of whipping the devil 'round the stump legislation is a disgrace to the state and should have been wiped out years ago.

Another recommendation of the governor is the passage of a resolution submitting to the people an amendment to the constitution abolishing payment of tax as a qualification for voting. The entire people of the state will most heartily endorse. This provision of the constitution has proven not only a great burden to the people, but a source of corruption which can only be cured by eradicating the cause.

The governor contends that our divorce laws are altogether too lax for the promotion of public morals, and there can be no two opinions on that question. The time of our courts, and particularly those bordering other states, is being largely occupied with the business of annulling the marriage contract. This is a great wrong and can only be remedied by changing the statutes on this subject. The governor submits the following suggestions for the consideration of the legislature:

1. The requirement of a residence in this state of at least two consecutive years immediately preceding the commencement of any action for divorce.

2d. That malicious desertion as a ground for divorce shall have continued for and during the space of at least three years immediately before the commencement of any action for that divorce.

3d. Cruel and barbarous treatment shall be continued as a cause for divorce, and shall be actionable by the wife only, and shall be confined to actual violence to the person.

4th. Limiting the jurisdiction of our courts in actions for divorce to the cases occurring while the persons were bona fide residents of this state.

5th. The prohibition of marriage by the guilty party in a decree of divorce during the lifetime of the other, and declaring all such marriages void in Pennsylvania whether contracted here or elsewhere.

6th. The making it a misdemeanor punishable by fine and imprisonment, for any magistrate or clergyman to marry any man [illegible] or other persons in violation of law.

The demand for more stringent license laws is argued at some length by the governor. He insists and all law abiding citizens will concur in his views that the present laws upon this subject are ineffective. He recommends the increase of the cost of license to such a sum as will decrease the number of taverns and, if possible weed out the enormous number of tippling places which infest the community. There ought also to be careful regulations respecting the granting of such licenses, particularly in the large cities, with a limitation as to the number to the population and provisions requiring the petition of citizens of the neighborhood setting forth a desire for the establishment of such places and the existence of a public necessity therefor.

The extravagance of the geological survey and the cost of the state printing, is treated at some length by the governor. He recommends the repeal of the present state printing law and the passage of one which will retrench expenses in that direction. He recommends the repeal of the act of 1868 taking from the councils of Philadelphia the control of its streets and urges legislation against the wrongs of railroad discrimination and the issuing of free passes. He also urges the passage of a civil service law such as was adopted by the legislature of New York last year or that in force in Massachusetts at the present time.

In giving a reason why he did not call a second extra session of the legislature the governor says: "It was evident that the people were not so unanimously in accord with the executive in his purpose to have the constitution obeyed at whatever cost their representatives might choose to inflict upon them as to justify a second extra session. I therefore permitted the members, without recall, to go to their homes with their unearned money in their pockets, and with the record of their disregarded oaths and a defied and violated constitution behind them." It is a source of gratification that the governor has discovered how the people felt in reference to that extra session business. The full realization of that feeling, however, was only thoroughly comprehended when the returns of the late election had all been received at the state department.

There are many important questions to be considered by the legislature this winter of which the governor has made no reference but many of his recommendations are important and should receive earnest attention. The spiteful passages will be treated as unworthy of notice. The message would fill both sides of our paper, and therefore we will not try to publish it in full.

ORGANIZED.

The legislature was organized on Tuesday last by the election of the following principal officers:

SENATE.

President—Hon. Amos H. Mylin of Lancaster.
Clerk—Thomas B. Cochran of Lancaster.
Journal Clerk—E. W. Smiley of Venango.
Reading Clerk—L. Rogers of McKean.
Librarian—Capt. J. C. Delany of Lackawanna.

HOUSE.

Speaker—Hon. James L. Graham of Allegheny.
Clerk—Geo. Pearson of Mercer.
Resident Clerk—Chas. E. Voorhees, of Philadelphia.
Reading Clerk—Harry Huhn of Philadelphia.

These gentlemen have have had long experience in the respective duties assigned them and will undoubtedly make efficient officers.

There are many points of similarity between the presidential campaign of 1844 and the one just closed. Henry Clay was the popular idol of the whig party as Mr. Blaine is of the republican. New York was in the earlier date as it was this year the pivot upon which the presidential election turned and for several days after the vote was cast there was the same uncertainty as to whether Polk or Clay had carried it. The returns had to be gathered by special messengers or the stage-coach and the state hung in the balance, one side claiming it one day and the other the next, just as they have so recently done. When the returns were all in it was found that Polk had carried the state by 5,000 votes. To be sure, that was quite a majority, considering the number of votes cast, and this year less than 1200 ballots decided the presidency. The circle of years again finds New York defeating a popular candidate by the slenderest majority it ever gave a presidential aspirant. It also defeats him by an accident. As "rum, romanism and rebellion" fixed the fate of Blaine, so Henry Clay's stolen letter that he would not object to the extension of slavery into Texas turned votes enough to Birney to give Polk the state. In the early days the states did not all vote at the same time and little Delaware, casting her ballot after New York had decided the fate of Mr Clay, polled her last vote under the leadership of such men as Clayton and Spruance and gave the leader of the whig party a majority. It was only a bit of sentiment, but it demonstrated Mr. Clay's hold upon the affections of his party.—*Tribune.*

SENATOR WALLACE will receive the complimentary vote of his party for U. S. senator. He is the man of all others in Pennsylvania entitled to this recognition. He is not only the ablest democrat in the state, but as a political manager has no superior in either party. The men who are talked about as members of Cleveland's cabinet from this state are intellectual dwarfs when compared with him.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR will leave for New Orleans on Thursday of next week.

THE SENATORIAL QUESTION.

There can be no question, that thousands of republicans in this state would prefer to see some other man elected to represent Pennsylvania in the United States senate for the coming six years than Senator Cameron. The feeling has been growing for many years past, that the great state of Pennsylvania, with its vast and varied interests, should have a representative in the highest legislative body of the land who could defend those interests when attacked by the representatives of English manufacturers. Not since the expiration of the term of John Scott have the republicans of Pennsylvania been so represented. Mr. Cameron is a business man and as such has proven a great success. He makes no pretensions as a debater and has no aspirations in that direction. His colleague is a lawyer and having had considerable experience in the legislature and the lower house of congress, it was confidently expected he would be the speaking representative of his state in the senate but up to this time his lips have been sealed and he has sat in his seat as dumb as an oyster while the vital industries of his state were being slaughtered.

The time has come for the successor of Mr. Cameron to be elected. A large majority of the republican representatives seem to favor his reelection and we believe the will of the majority should prevail however distasteful it may be to very many of the party. That the manipulations of politicians throughout the state succeeded in securing members favorable to his re-election we do not believe. Certainly no effort of the kind was made in this county and if it had been made it would not have succeeded. With the national administration in the hands of our opponents for the coming four years we cannot afford to open the campaign against the enemy with broken ranks. There is no other alternative for the opponents of Mr. Cameron but to submit to the inevitable. If as is contended his friends are so overwhelmingly in the majority let us have peace.

Civil Service Reform.

The estimation in which civil service reform is held by the constituents of Senator Bayard and how they propose that it shall be made to work is set forth in the following article from the Dover *Delawarean*, the senator's home organ:

"Plans may be devised, memorials and petitions of wearied prayers and entreaties may be used, but all will be of no avail. The democratic party having elected their president, are entitled to the offices, and this simpering, this whimpering and prattling civil service reform is puerile and weak, to say the least. Nineteen-twentieths of the rank and file of the democratic party believe in the Jacksonian theory 'to the victors belong the spoils.' The offices are the party's by rights, precedent and practice. Party supremacy is retained by party power and party patronage is a great lever to party success. Every one who has any knowledge of politics knows such to be the fact and it is idle for one to consider for a moment the claims of the advocates of this dude doctrine, civil service reform. President-elect Cleveland is a plain practical man and full of good, hard sense. Our belief from what we have heard of him is that he will not be carried away by the doctrines of theorists, but will apply the plain, practical and sensible rules of that sterling and unflinching democrat, Old Hickory. We have strong faith in the eternal fitness of things, and at the present time that fitness consists in turning out every office-holder high or low who has in the past, even in the minutest manner, aided or abetted the cause of Republicanism. The democratic party wants no dude administration; they want the same rules applied to the republican office holder that the republican party applied to them upon their advent into power and will be satisfied with nothing else. An eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth is the true doctrine and a good rule for president Cleveland to adopt." That such a rule will be adopted we cannot doubt knowing that our president elect is a democrat, a party man and a believer in democratic supremacy.

Law-breakers to Enforce Laws.

A. H. Garland was a member of the Arkansas convention that voted to secede. He was a member of the provisional rebel congress in May 1861. He was a member of the confederate house and at the close of the war of the confederate senate. When Mr. Cleveland has selected this same Mr. Garland to instruct and control all district attorneys and deputy marshals of the United States in the enforcements of the election and other laws, he will soon learn what the loyal people of the country think of such a selection. At present, as Mr. Garland has not yet been appointed attorney general, those who choose can indulge in the idea that "Cleveland and reform" does not mean the nationalization of southern modes of carrying elections.

If it is really intended, however, to import those southern methods into northern states, so that the well trained "gangs" organized by Mr. Cleveland's right hand man, senator Gorman, can carry elections in Ohio, as they failed to do last October, it might be as well to remember that there is a public opinion in northern states which cannot always be defied with safety. Mr. Garland thinks, we presume, that it is quite proper to shoot a few negroes, and to threaten many more, in order to prevent "negro supremacy" in Arkansas or Mississippi. But it might save him some trouble if he would clearly comprehend, once for all, that the favorite southern methods appear to the northern people acts of rebellion against the laws and the constitution of the United States. In the fullness of time there may come a president who will treat such deliberate and forcible violation of the constitution as a crime. That day will not be put further off, at any rate, by selecting a leader of the law breakers to enforce the laws.—*Tribune.*

THE governor has appointed Hon. W. L. Corbett president judge of the Clarion-Jefferson district, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Knox. Mr. Corbett is one of the ablest lawyers of the Clarion bar.

COL. MCCLURE, of the Philadelphia *Times* has started on an extensive trip through the southern states. His letters from that region will be intensely interesting.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

The first day of the New Year was made the occasion of much social festivity in Washington. The people of this city have long been given to observance of the day, and there was no evidence of an inclination to depart from old traditions of hospitality. Callers were numerous, and throughout the city, houses were open to guests.

The last New Years reception at the white house that President Arthur will hold was brilliantly gay and all that could have been desired. The old mansion was resplendent with flowers and gas, the music was fine, the distinguished host was genial, his lady assistants of whom there were sixty, were as usual richly attired. The diplomatic corps and the army and navy officers contributed splendor to the affair with their dazzling uniforms, gorgeous court costumes, decorations and gold lace.

New year's day inaugurates the social season in Washington. With the exception of the wife of secretary Lincoln who is ill, among the ladies of the capital will entertain some. There is little danger of the president giving his successor a chance to eclipse him in social entertainments. The cabinet will follow his example, and go out in a social blaze.

After a holiday recess of two weeks both congress and the Swaim court martial have reassembled. Few persons have any idea of the expense attendant upon a military court that prolongs its session through weeks and months as is the case with the one mentioned. It costs the government thousands of dollars a month. The mileage allowed officers will not aggregate less than $3,000, and may double that amount. The telegraphic correspondence of the principal officers entails a large daily expense. The attendance of witnesses and these officers adds an important item, also the frequent trips of the Judge Advocate to and from New York. The house parlors occupied by the court command a rental of $15 per day. The expense of keeping up the record averages $25 per day. The stationery bills will be in the hundreds. Messengers and door keepers are employed, and as the cost runs up until the bill presented to the government to pay assumes huge proportions.

Business is lively at the headquarters of the Cleveland inauguration committee. A large correspondence, many calls, unanswerable queries, propositions and suggestions, are the order of the day. Applications for privileges in connection with the inaugural ball flow in upon the secretaries. There are bids for furnishing the supper, the music, bids for the privileges of the hair dressing, and barber shop attachment, for the hat and cloak rooms, and for the privilege of blacking the gentlemen's boots. The activity of competitors shows that they expect immense business and handsome profits. One of the latest applicants is a colored democratic bootblack. His communication was on illuminated parchment, and stated that having labored in the vineyard of the party he asked the courtesy of the bootblack privileges of the ball. His references were the democratic members of the forty sixth, seventh and eighth congresses. A novel proposition was received from a man who said he would pay a reasonable amount for the pocket picking privileges of the ball room. He guaranteed that no more than four professional thieves should be in the room while the ball was in progress. He also proposes to give away to the detectives any prominent members of his profession who are to be in Washington on that occasion. It is intended the decorations shall be on a scale never before attempted, and decorators throughout the country see an opportunity for mammoth advertising in the draping and ornamentation of the parlors, corridors, galleries, ceilings and walls of the ball room. Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston decorators of wide reputation have applied for opportunities to submit their designs and proposals before the work shall be awarded.

Congress will soon begin consideration of the pending treaties with foreign countries. It is predicted that the contest over the treaty with Nicaragua will be lively, bitter and the event of the session. During the christmas vacation many congressmen who remained in the city prepared themselves for debate by seeking in the congressional library data on treaty subjects.

R.

Washington, Jan. 5th 1885.

As far as we can make out from the scanty data that are now accessible every democrat who doesn't believe competitive examinations or tenure for life to be necessary to civil service reform is considered to be a bourbon by the independents. We have applied this test to all the specimens of bourbonism which have thus far been labeled by the independents, and it hasn't failed. If this definition of bourbonism be the right one, what an array of bourbons are to be found in the democratic party. In fact the democrats are pretty much all bourbons, and the exceptions among them like Mr. Bayard and Mr. Cleveland are very few indeed. This shows how valiant the independents are in insisting that the bourbons must go. It is equivalent to asking the family that have lived for generations in the house to clear out and hand the property over to a lot of new comers who have never before been admitted inside of the doors. It does not seem probable that the democrats will consent to accept such an invitation.—*New York Sun.*

Grant Refuses the Gift.

The New York *Mail and Express* of Wednesday last contained the following manly letter from Gen. Grant:

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 6.—1885.—*My Dear Sir:* Through the press and otherwise I learn that you, with a few other friends of mine, are engaged in raising a subscription for my benefit. I appreciate both the motive and the friendship which have dictated this course on your part, but on mature reflection I regard it as due to myself and family to decline this proffered generosity.

I regret I did not make this known earlier.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) U. S. GRANT.
"CYRUS W. FIELD, ESQ."

Editorially the *Mail and Express* says:

"This brief note needs no eloquence or pathos of comment to make it more surely arouse the deepest sensibilities and more patriotic emotions of every true-hearted American, although its object was purely to cause the withdrawal of the efforts of tried friends in behalf of our greatest, most unfortunate, most beloved soldier. The man whose unfaltering perseverance, matchless military skill and untiring energy supplied to a million of American citizens in federal uniforms the one supreme need of victorious leadership, and who many times in a single day's work saved to the north uncounted millions of treasure from imminent ruin, not to mention infinitely more precious possessions, will not allow private liberality to be urged in his behalf."

In asking what is next to be done, that paper only reflects the sentiment of all the people of this country when it says: "What, but the one straightforward, legitimate, adequate method becoming the government of the United States, itself the proudest monument of Grant's achievements. The title and rank created for him as the recognition of his services should be restored to him by common consent."

The Great Crime.

Not a single dependent or bolter has yet attempted to defend the practical disfranchisement of 1,200,000 voters at the south. If there were nothing else to mark the hostility of these persons to republican principles, this alone is enough, that they have deliberately enabled a party to elect a president by nullifying the constitution and disfranchising a large part of those to whom the fifteenth amendment extends the suffrage. This was not done in ignorance. To these men the fact was perfectly well known that in 1876 and earlier several southern states had been captured by systematized assassination or armed revolution, that the usurpation was crowned with complete success in every southern state in the election of 1880, and that the supporters of governor Cleveland had no hope of electing him except by the electoral votes of the solid south thus obtained. With full knowledge of this the dependents set themselves to work to reward the party of assassination and to crown disfranchisement with victory. If they suppose that this thing will be forgotten by true republicans, they are greatly mistaken.

The question of the democrats is still that of Mr. Tweed: "What are you going to do about it?" Some like Senator Gordon obey the demands of party rather than the dictates of self respect, by pretending that no wrong is done at the south and that the voting is free and fair and the counting honest. Others like Senator Morgan, are more manly. They bluntly affirm that the enfranchisement of the colored people is not and never can be effective, that the white democrats of the south will never permit it to be. The usual pretext, that practical disfranchisement of the colored people is necessary to the maintenance of decent local government and the protection of life and property, might command some attention if the colored people were prevented from voting for local and state officers only, but the fact is that the full force of disfranchising methods is never felt except when there are presidential electors or members of congress to be chosen. We have nothing to do at present with the motives. The constitution confers certain rights. Those rights are not enjoyed by about 1,200,000 persons at the south, mainly colored. The question is whether the constitution shall be thus nullified.

It appears to some of the democrats and independents that it is a waste of time to discuss the subject. About that we shall see hereafter. Republicans will discuss it at all events, and make the facts so thoroughly known to the country that no man shall hereafter have an excuse for ignoring them. Mr. Cleveland will go into office the first president of this country ever elected by the shot gun. That distinction, such as it is, he will bear to the end. When the shot-gun party claims to have the support of the people hereafter, it shall be in the mouth of every well informed citizen to reply that its only success for twenty five years was achieved by assassination, by terrorism and fraud and by the disfranchisement of 1,200,000 citizens.

But we are told that all this will do no good, and will only create bitter feeling. Very well: bitter feeling toward those who perpetrate and profit by the most infamous crime of the age is the only thing in order. No other feeling toward such a crime is just or decent. Until the democratic party stops disfranchising men in order to succeed, it ought to be treated by every good citizen as the enemy of free government. To cause it to be so treated, and by all right thinking men so regarded, will do good. Public opinion rules in this land, in the long run. The only difficulty is to get the people rightly informed as to the facts and aroused to a proper feeling in regard to them. The party of assassination will find it necessary before many years have passed to treat this question otherwise than with a sneer.

When public opinion is prepared to act on this subject, there will be no difficulty in discovering what to do about it. The remedies can be applied with startling rapidity and force whenever either branch of congress realizes that public opinion demands their application. To indicate them at present would be a waste of time. The first thing to be done is to make the people understand what the facts are, and that a remedy is necessary unless they wish to be deprived of the power of governing themselves altogether. By methods precisely on a level with those employed in Georgia, South Carolina and Mississippi either party can be entirely deprived of all chance of success in any northern state.—*Tribune.*

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

MERCIFUL SCIENCE.

Dr. B. W. Richardson's process of painless killing of the lower animals has been pronounced a magnificent success and science has now bestowed upon the inferior creation a blessing which she dare not give to man himself—painless death. The apparatus used is simply a chamber into which is forced a soothing but deadly atmosphere of carbonic oxide which has been passed at summer heat over a mixture of chloroform and bisulphide of carbon. Such a lethal chamber—capable of containing 100 victims at a time—has been fitted up at the home for lost dogs in London, and in it, during a period of seven months more than 5,600 dogs have gently sunk into their eternal sleep. The process is not expensive, and Dr. Richardson intends to apply it to the killing of sheep and other animals that are used for human food.

A new ceramic product, according to Mons. Hignette, is now made from the abundant waste sands of French glass-factories. The sand is molded into blocks by immense hydraulic pressure, and is then baked in furnaces at a high temperature. The product has remarkable solidity and tenacity; it is not affected by frost, rain or sun; it resists very high temperatures; it is very light, and it has a fine white color. It is predicted that the material will be used for many architectural effects in combination with brick or stone of other colors.

A French investigator has found that chloroform is decomposed in from two to five days by the combined action of sunlight and the air. In the dark the air does not effect it, and light produces no alteration when all oxygen is excluded.

The operation of removing a tumor from the brain—which was a few days ago performed at a London hospital for the first time in the history of medicine—has been followed by the patient's convalescence.

AN ATMOSPHERIC BATTERY.

One of the recent electric batteries acts only when exposed to light. The latest form of battery—devised by Mons. Jablochkoff, the eminent French electrician—is perhaps quite as novel and ingenious, it being kept in constant operation by the effect of the atmosphere's moisture upon the metal sodium. Each element comprises a small plate of sodium separated by wooden pegs from a plate of carbon of somewhat lighter texture than that used for ordinary batteries. The carbon and a small copper wire attached to the sodium plate form the electrodes. Exposure of the sodium to the air causes it to oxidize and form caustic soda, which is dissolved by the moisture of the air and gradually drains away as a concentrated solution, thus constantly leaving a fresh surface of metal to be acted upon. The elements are grouped in sets of ten. The battery's action continues so long as the sodium lasts and the air contains moisture, and the only means of stopping it is to shut it in an air tight case. The degree of the air's humidity and the temperature determine the electro-motive force.

While our country is supposed to be nearly free from earthquakes, no less than 364 shocks were recorded in the United States and Canada—not including Alaska—during the twelve years ending with 1883. This is an average of about one in every twelve days for some part of the territory. Many small tremors must have escaped notice, and it is probable that if observations had been made in various localities with suitable instruments the reported shocks would have been several times as great in number.

SUN SPOTS AND THE WEATHER.

Observations concerning the effects produced upon our planet by the periodically appearing spots on the sun have given very contradictory results and have established thus far only the single fact that solar disturbances strongly affect the earth's magnetism. It is very probable that sun spot influence may have a certain real effect upon terrestrial climates, but much further research will be necessary to prove beyond a doubt that they do. Prof. C. A. Young affirms however that it has already been shown that such influence, if it exists at all, is very slight and difficult of detection; that it is not dominant or even very powerful in terrestrial meteorology, and that there is no reasonable grounds for expectation that the periodicity of sun spots will ever enable us to predict seasons in advance.

By experiment Prof. St[illegible] has found that scantily fed mice will sometimes eat daily one third their weight of ordinary putty. When carbonate of lead, baryta, zinc or oxide of zinc was mixed with the putty the mice were able still to eat small quantities with impunity, these pigments seeming to lose their usual poisonous quality. Putty containing no whiting was untouched or eaten very reluctantly.

MISCELLANEOUS

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. P PURITY. Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.
—THE BEST TONIC.
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.
It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.
It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.
It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*
It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.
For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.
The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.
Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

The Largest
Merchant Tailoring
and Clothing House
in America
WANAMAKER
&
BROWN,
OAK HALL,
Philadelphia
A full line of card samples of their piece goods stock will be found with
L. ARMSTRONG
SALES[illegible]
Smethport Pa.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE
A Paper Devoted to American Interests.
LARGEST REPUBLICAN CIRCULATION IN AMERICA

THE TRIBUNE begins the new [illegible] in the [illegible] of its history. [illegible] The WEEKLY TRIBUNE [illegible] exclusive of all short term campaign subscriptions was 145,910. The SEMI-WEEKLY [illegible] Total number of Tribunes printed and sold during week exclusive of campaign subscriptions 1,222,110.
Ninety four tons of paper were used in printing the week's issues. This was of course an election week "spurt," which "broke the record" in New York. Settling back into its steady gait
The TRIBUNE'S record showed on the following week: Average daily circulation of the DAILY TRIBUNE 121,400. Weekly TRIBUNE 14,600. Semi-Weekly 25,700.
During 1885 THE TRIBUNE will strive more zealously and hopefully than ever for its political faith. The return to power of the party that brought on the Rebellion must make the coming year one of the most interesting in our history. The more the people know of how Democrats deal with their government, the surer is Republican success the next time; and THE TRIBUNE appeals to its friends to help spread such knowledge [illegible]
THE TRIBUNE gives the news fully and fairly. It is a safe and attractive paper for the family circle and is the persistent advocate of work for American workmen, the best farmer's paper in America, and the general protection of American interests. It favors every practical effort to check intemperance and is always on the side of morality, reform and progress. Its Weekly and Semi-Weekly editions contain notably complete and valuable Agricultural, Household, Literary and Juvenile departments, with serial stories, abundant correspondence, interesting miscellany and some fun. Every member of the family, old or young, finds in it instruction and entertainment.
Every postmaster and earnest Republican worker is invited to form yearly clubs at once for THE TRIBUNE. The following premiums are offered:
Unabridged Dictionary, Webster's and Worcester's.
Wood's Household Practice of Medicine, 2 vols., illustrated, 819 and 912 pages.
The Library of Useful Knowledge, 15 vols., nearly 900 pages each, embracing Chambers' Encyclopedia, complete with American additions.
The Horace Greeley Watch, a popular and successful premium.
Ridpath's Illustrated History of the United States.
Specimen copies, show-bills and circulars, with details of valuable premiums, will be sent free, upon application, or can be had from your postmaster.
TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS:
WEEKLY, $1.25 a year, in clubs of ten, $1 a year, with extra copy to man sending club.
SEMI-WEEKLY, $2.50 a year, in clubs of ten, $2 a year, with extra copy to man sending club.
DAILY, with Sunday, $8.50, without Sunday, $7 per year.
SUNDAY TRIBUNE, $1.50 per year.
THE TRIBUNE, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS

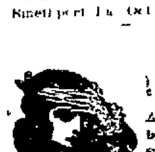
DEAN'S LIVERY!
At the new Livery of F. B. Dean on School street can be found as
FINE TURNOUTS
as at any establishment of the kind in McKean County.
LADIES SADDLE AND DRIVING HORSES
a speciality. Safe terms for [illegible] always be had at reasonable [illegible]
HORSES BOUGHT & SOLD
Good Stable for Transient and Boarding Horses.
OPEN ALL HOURS
Call before hiring elsewhere.
F. B. DEAN.
Smethport, Nov. 20, 1884.

Hotel for Sale.
The undersigned offers for sale the property known as the Exchange Hotel [illegible]
[illegible]

F. C. OLDS,
[illegible]
FARMERS' VALLEY, PA.
is prepared to supply his customers with
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Crockery and all other goods required for family use or to keep soul and body together at figures that will astonish
The Natives!
[illegible]

CALL ON
C. L. DOUGLASS
For Your
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots & Shoes, Etc.
He keeps on hand the best that the markets afford. Also Proprietor of
SMETHPORT GRIST MILL
Feed and Meal
at the very best [illegible] at the very lowest prices [illegible]
Mechanic st., SMETHPORT, PA.

Great Reduction
IN PRICES.
[illegible]
Hardware, Paints,
Oils, Stoves, Etc.
At Prices Astonishingly Low for Cash.
For example:
[illegible]
Pure Lin[seed] Oil [illegible] 60 cts per gal
Smethport, Pa., Oct. [illegible] 1884.



HEADACHES
Are generally induced by Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Costiveness, Deficient Circulation, or some Derangement of the Liver and Digestive System. Sufferers will find relief by the use of
Ayer's Pills
to stimulate the stomach and produce a regular daily movement of the bowels. By their action on these organs, AYER'S PILLS divert the blood from the brain, and relieve and cure all forms of Congestive and Nervous Headache, Bilious Headache, and Sick Headache; and by keeping the bowels free, and preserving the system in a healthful condition, they insure immunity from future attacks. Try
Ayer's Pills.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
MECHANIC ST. SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING!
A SPECIALTY
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!
All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse
We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with
FURNITURE
of all kinds and of
PRICE AND QUALITY
to suit the purchaser
Undertaking in all its branches.
Full and Complete Line of
WALL PAPER!
Constantly on Hand.
Friends and patrons are invited
CALL AND SEE US
in our location, and
Look at our Stock
SPECHT & SASSE,
Main St., Smethport, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CATARRH
IN THE HEAD,
Bronchitis, Catarrh of the Stomach (Dyspepsia), the early stages of Consumption, Asthma, Hay Fever and all diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS CURED by a new and SUCCESSFUL SYSTEM.
Not a douche, snuff, nor patent medicine.
Each case is treated according to the symptoms [illegible]
[illegible]
Dr. S. W. BEALL, Catarrh Specialist, Columbus, O.

BOOTS AND SHOES
FOR HOLIDAY TRADE!
A LARGE STOCK OF LADIES' AND GENTS'
FINE SLIPPERS!
New & Desirable Styles & Patterns
Also for
BOYS, MISSES
AND CHILDREN.
AND A FULL LINE OF
HIGH TOP SHOES,
For Young People and Ladies' Wear.
AT REDUCED PRICES.
No Shoddy in any of my Goods.
Buy Useful Presents in Boots and Shoes of
G. A. GROVES,
NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.

New Goods Just Received
At D. C. YOUNG'S.
IMMENSE STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Clothing
For Men, Boys and Children.
LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
Complete Line of
DRY GOODS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, ETC
And Full Stock of
CHOICE GROCERIES!
All of which were bought CHEAP FOR CASH, and will be sold accordingly.
CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK—NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 3, 1883.
D. C. YOUNG.

JOHN DIGEL'S
MARBLE WORKS.
Monumental
and
Mantel Designs
Executed in the Best Style from either
MARBLE ✧ OR ✧ SLATE
Water Street, Smethport, Pa.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF
VASELINE
(PETROLEUM JELLY.)
One Ounce bottles reduced from 15 cts. to 10 cents
Two Ounce bottles reduced from 25 cts. to 15 cents
Five Ounce bottles reduced from 50 cts. to 25 cents
The public must not accept any but original goods bottled by us, as the imitations are worthless.
Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., New York.

H. W. RUBIN,
DEALER IN
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.
Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all such work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted. I have also on hand a fine assortment.
Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA

J. C. HAMLIN,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.
CUTLERY,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,
OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.
JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.
Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low, if not LOWER, than they can get them in any other store in the county.
SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

New Spring Goods
MISS CARSON
Has just received a complete stock of the latest styles of
Millinery Goods!
And is prepared to supply patrons with HATS and BONNETS trimmed in the
LATEST AND FRESHEST STYLES.
Give her a call before purchasing. Don't forget the place: DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE (next door to Young's store.)

Vol. XXII.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., Jan 9, 1885

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The date on your paper shows the time to which it is paid. [illegible] renewal of the [illegible] paper [illegible] is now [illegible] as well as the new [illegible] If you want your paper stopped [illegible] we will [illegible] liable to the [illegible] whether you read it from the office or not.

If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. What is every man's paper is everybody's [illegible] and the trouble is with the mails when not [illegible] office.

OUR BRADFORD AGENT

[illegible] Esq. is our authorized agent in the city of Bradford. Any subscriptions left with him or any orders for advertising in the Miner will receive prompt attention.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

[illegible]

—Washington's birthday is the next holiday.

—Our serial story commences with this number.

—'Tis a cold day when the thermometer gets left.

Corry was visited by a $30,000 fire last Saturday.

The regular January thaw struck town on time.

—John H. Chadwick's new barn is up in great shape.

Gov. Hill commenced to be governor of New York last Monday.

Williamsport is to have a $250,000 block, containing an opera house.

—The old man had a nice time Tuesday monkeying with the valve at the gas well.

The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* sends to their subscribers a beautiful New Year's address.

The Cora VanTassell company played two nights last week at the opera house to good audiences.

—The county medical society was in session at the Wright house Tuesday. There was a large attendance.

The queen of Greece is said to be very beautiful. The queen of spades is a daisy when a man has the other three.

The fall that comes after summer has left us, but the fall that follows a slip on the icy sidewalk is just at hand.

—Clarion had a very disastrous fire last week Wednesday. Many of the principal business places were destroyed.

Last Sunday's Bradford *Mail* contained a picture and short sketch of the life of our townsman, Hon. Byron D. Hamlin.

J. Brand, in confined in the Cattaraugus county jail on the charge of murder, attempted to escape by burning a hole through with a red hot poker.

—The band boys have had their instruments overhauled and placed in first class shape. We will expect some fine music now.

We are indebted to Prof. E. L. Higbee for a copy of his annual report as superintendent of public instruction for the year ending June 31, 1884.

—We call attention to the new advertisement of A. T. Farmer. He has a fine livery, well supplied with fast horses and elegant carriages. Give him a call.

—The G. A. R. posts of the county will make an effort to raise funds for the erection of a soldiers' monument on the court house square in this place.

Read "Dark Days," a continued story by Hugh Conway, author of the famous story and drama, "Called Back," commencing in this number of the Miner. Do so and get the first number.

—The entertainment given by the famous Williams & West minstrel combination was a grand affair. The attendance was good and everybody was highly pleased. We regret not having sufficient space to do them justice.

—Last week Tuesday night burglars broke into all the county buildings excepting the jail at Little Valley, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., expecting, no doubt, to get onto the treasurer's bundle. After trying to perforate a few safes they left taking the sheriff's overcoat.

—The "thought reader" places his hand on the man's head, withdrew it, and struck him a fearful blow on the nose. When the man got out from under the chair and asked the reader what he hit him for, he replied: "Just as I placed my hand on your head you thought I was a d—d fool, and I don't allow any man to think that, no matter if he is as big as a Coney Island hotel.—*Ex.*

The Cameron *Press* says that the Emporium Tannery Company made a reduction of ten per cent in the wages of their employees, commencing January 1st. When the foreman wrote on the blackboard "11 cents a side after January 1st, 1885," one of the men walked up to the blackboard, took the chalk and wrote in a bold hand, "Cleveland."

A weekly paper of democratic persuasion has been born at Titusville called the *American Citizen*. The first issue, of Jan'y '31, is on our table, and is a neat, newsy nine column sheet, full of local and miscellaneous matter as well as democratic taffy. However, we put it on our exchange list and wish the editors, Messrs. Sherman & Eddy, success financially but not politically.

—Can any one explain why the merchants of Smethport, which is only half as large as Wellsboro and is located in one of the poorest farming regions in North America, advertise twice as much as those of Wellsboro and thrive under it?—Wellsboro *Agitator*. Yes, because our merchants are business men and do business on business principles. Then again, our farms are better than your's, if they are located in the poorest farming region of North America.

—The Smethport Miner closed the twenty first year of its existence with its issue of December 19th. While the Miner is intensely republican in politics, it is nevertheless a first class newspaper and a credit to the town and county in which it is printed. Since Mr. Rogers assumed control of the paper, extensive improvements have been made in and about the establishment, so now he has the satisfaction of presiding over one of the finest equipped offices in northern Pennsylvania. We extend the right hand of fellowship to brother Rogers with the wish that he may live to celebrate the forty-second anniversary of the Miner's existence.—*Democrat.*

Here's our ☞ neighbor Wilson.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

H. F. Barbour of Bradford was in town Tuesday.

I. T. Beecher of Bradford, was in town the fore part of the week.

Member of Assembly, Hon Robt. H. Rose, returned from Harrisburg yesterday.

Mrs. G. W. Williams, who for the past few weeks has been afflicted with ulcerated throat is improving slowly.

Hon W. S. Brownell and son George intend leaving about the 15th for the New Orleans exposition and other points in the south.

Jury Commissioners Clark and Pattison and Sheriff Hamlin have been busy the entire week filling the jury wheel, and will complete the task to-morrow.

The first official act of Mr. McElroy our new postmaster, was to administer the oath of office to the new board of commissioners.

Jonathan Colegrove of Norwich gave us a friendly call yesterday and reports everything good in his part of the country except the sleighing, which the lumbermen are anxiously looking for.

Death of Jerome B. Earl

Jerome B. Earl died at his residence in Driftwood on Sunday, Dec. 28th aged about 69 years. Mr. Earl has played a prominent part in the drama of life, and had an extensive acquaintance throughout the state. He possessed abilities of a high order and for years was a leading republican in this section of the state. He leaves a host of friends that will sincerely mourn his loss.—*Citizen & Press.*

Baptist Church

Preaching next Sunday morning and evening. Important and timely topics will be discussed at both services.

Preaching at 3 o'clock p. m. at Hamlin school house.

M. K. Hackett and P. D. Hopkins were elected trustees for the ensuing three years at the society meeting, Jan. 5.

P. D. Hopkins was recently elected clerk of the church and W. Z. George re-elected treasurer.

M. O. Campbell now has the conduct of the singing, with a respectable corps of assistants.

Terrible Accident

A Mr. Cooper, son-in-law of John Bush, residing near the Bush school house, met with an accident that will no doubt, prove fatal. Yesterday forenoon while handling some heavy logs, one measuring nearly four feet in thickness and about thirty feet long rolled over his body. He was taken to his home and a doctor sent for, who reports the patient alive and says he may live. The flesh on the whole body is bruised and mangled in a frightful manner and up to six o'clock he had not returned to consciousness.

McKean County's Insane

A report from the officials of the Insane Hospital at Warren to our county commissioners, dated Dec. 31 1884, has the following statement concerning our insane:

Samuel Eley is gradually failing from disease of the brain and is in very poor health. Sarah I. Dilworth is still noisy, excitable and extremely abusive in her language. Albertina Reicheter is very much deranged and at times noisy and excited. Joanna Long is paralytic but very cross and ugly at times. Ellen Mahoney is excitable and at times very ugly towards the other patients. Charles Leo died Oct. 31st.

Real Estate Firm

We call attention to the advertisement of Messrs. King, Miller & Hall in this issue. Mr. King is well known hereabouts having been in the real estate business here for the last year. He was a surveyor in Pennsylvania for three years and the year before leaving for Florida was elected county surveyor of McKean county in that state. Mr. Miller is likewise well known, having been on the engineer staff of the south Florida as assistant engineer and is now acting chief engineer of the Florida Midland R. R. Mr. Hall of the firm of Hall & Clark, Longwood, is likewise well posted on all real estate matters, and the three make a strong team. Their new office in Philip's block corner park avenue and first street is cosy and comfortable and well arranged for their business. We trust they will do well here.—Sanford (Fla.) *Argus.*

Wiping Out the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Debt

The directors of the Buffalo New York and Philadelphia road have agreed upon a plan to pay off the floating debt amounting to $1,150,000. This is to be done by selling $1,500,000 of general mortgage bonds, giving the stockholders the privilege of subscribing to the same. As soon as this is accomplished money will be raised to complete terminals at Buffalo costing $2,000,000. This work includes the establishment of a city yard and the erection of a fine passenger station jointly with the West Shore road. A syndicate of capitalists have surveyed a line from Clermont on the Buffalo, New York and Philadelphia, to Johnsonburg, Pa., and thence to Brockwayville to connect with the low grade road. This line will be 32 miles shorter than any other between Buffalo and Pittsburg. The directors, it is understood, take these steps in accordance with a report made by Herr Van Weel, who was sent to this country six months ago by the syndicate of bankers in Amsterdam, holding a majority of Buffalo New York and Phila. stock.

The Tannery.

There are many inquiries in reference to the proposed tannery which we all hope will be erected in this place the coming season. For the information of every person who feels an interest in this improvement we are authorized to state that the prospects of its being located in this place are very flattering. A gentleman having the matter in charge is now in the east in consultation with parties proposing to invest in the enterprise. It will probably be some little time before we will know the result of that consultation.

That the erection of an upper leather tannery in this or in any other town, whatever its size, would prove of vast benefit is a question which will not admit of argument. The steady employment of a hundred or more skilled workmen, and the establishment of these men with their families in a community like ours would prove a benefit which could hardly be estimated. One tannery of that character would be worth two sole leather tanneries, and it is sincerely to be hoped that every encouragement will be given towards securing its location here.

—A disciple of Job in the boil business made a bet on New Year's eve with another citizen, the terms of which are as follows: if he, the disciple, does not grow the fourth of a series of boils inside of two weeks he wins.

A large stock of visiting cards and fancy stationery at Wells' drug store.

Installation of G. A. R. Officers.

At a regular meeting of McKean Post No. 347, G. A. R., department of Pennsylvania, held at their post room, on the night of Jan. 1, 1885, the following officers were installed for the ensuing year by Comrade David Sterrett as mustering officer:

Post Commander—J. C. Backus; Senior Vice Commander—Wm. H. Grumbine; Junior Vice Commander—E. V. Chadwick; Surgeon—S. D. Freeman; Chaplain—Thomas Walker; Adjutant—H. L. Burlingame; Officer of Day—A. H. Pierce; Outside Guard—S. G. Bush; Inside Guard—C. S. Sanford.

Commander Wright upon retiring made the following remarks:

To the officers and comrades of McKean Post No. 347 G. A. R., department of Pennsylvania G. A. R.

Comrades:—As this is the last meeting of the post at which I am to serve as your commander I would like before surrendering my chair to my successor in office, thank the officers and comrades of McKean Post, No. 347 for their generous and hearty support while commander of the post for the past eighteen months that the post has been in existence. At times we may have differed in regard to questions that have come before the post, but can assure the comrades that no ill feeling rests with me against any comrade of 347. Especially would I tender my thanks to the chaplain comrade D. A. Easterbrook, and also, comrade A. H. Pierce, officer of the day, for the very efficient manner that they have filled their offices during my term of office. I trust that the comrades will give to the new commander, comrade John C. Backus, the same hearty and generous support that they have given me, and then I shall have no fears but that the post will hold its good name for all time to come. I shall feel that it is my duty to attend all meetings the same as I have while commander of the post. Again thanking the officers and comrades, we will proceed with the regular order of business.

A motion was made by comrade W. H. Grumbine that a vote of thanks be tendered the retiring commander and his remarks be spread upon the minutes of the post, which was unanimously carried.

A Chance for a Fortune

Our old friend Tim Mullin Jr. writes us from Denver, Colorado, in reference to oil operations in Wyoming Territory. If we had more money than we knew what to do with, and was 20 years younger than we are we would like to go in with Tim and make a million or so. Read what he says and profit by it:

Ed Miner:—I thought I would drop you a few lines and let you know about the oil operations in Wyoming Territory. I have it from inside parties that the Bothwell Oil Co. is no other than *our old friend the Standard*. They are drilling three wells and starting three more. They cannot finish them before spring as there is considerable cold weather and snow there now. Two companies from Denver are drilling two wells and starting two rigs, which makes eight wells in all. I have had from 3 to 4 men taking up lands and working assessments. During the last month I expended about two thousand dollars. Now if any of my friends would like to take up some land, I will locate it for them, do the assessment work and have it recorded in their names. Three hundred dollars will take up twenty acres or five hundred dollars will take up forty acres. Every twenty acres additional for one hundred and fifty dollars. If there is oil on it, every five hundred invested will bring from five to fifty thousand dollars. If there is no oil, the land will be worth more in three years for coal and grazing purposes than you pay for it. No this is no mining scheme, but dead square business, every chance to win and none to lose. After I pay for assessment work I will take what money is left, add more to it, and drill a well adjoining the land I take up. I can get land now near those wells that are drilling. They have commenced building a rail road from Rawlings Station on the U. P. R. R. to the oil country. It is one hundred miles and they are getting a charter for a pipe line. In my opinion land that will cost now from $10 to $15 per acre will be worth before spring from two to five hundred dollars per acre. Oil here would bring at least $5 or $6 a barrel as the freight costs $5.00 from Cleveland here. I am willing to stake my money and reputation as an oil man, that we will strike oil, I have never missed it yet. *It is there* in fact running out of the ground, and has been for years. If any one wish it, I will send a map and some sand. The sand that crops out of the mountains is the color and looks like the Bradford sand, only darker, and is full of oil. I have had a surveyor *in there* and got everything *down pat*. I will also send a copy of the mining laws to show how lands are taken up.

Truly yours,

T. Mullin, Jr.

Denver, Colorado, Jan 3, 1885.

"Chinese Gordon."

A biography of this remarkable man ought to be interesting reading, especially if written by the famous hero-journalist and veteran war correspondent, Archibald Forbes. It is not, therefore, surprising to see numerous editions of it published. First there was the English edition, of course at a high price, then a reprint at $1.00 per copy by an American "high priced" publisher, now follows the "*literary revolution*" edition, large handsome type, neat cloth binding, for only 50 cents. The publisher, John B. Alden, 393 Pearl street, New York, will send a 100-page descriptive catalogue of his publications, covering the entire field of standard literature, free to any applicant.

Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed in every style, shape and color can be bought at less than cost at Miss Carson's millinery store. Call at once.

H. C. Wells sells the finest cigars in town, try them.

F. C. Olds, Farmers Valley, keeps constantly on hand a choice line of groceries, which he sells at low prices, considering quality.

A full line of patent medicines at H. C. Wells' drug store, Main St.

H. C. Wells has a fine stock of wines and liquors for medicinal use, at the cheapest figure and of the best quality.

Cream of the Valley flour only $1.50 per sack at D. C. Young's store, Main street.

New goods just received at D. C. Young's store.

The latest style of hats and all kinds of gent's furnishing goods at D. C. Young's store, Main Street.

Slaughter of hats and millinery goods has begun at Mrs. Nash's, who has placed on sale her entire stock of hats and other millinery goods, at prices to suit all classes of customers. This sale will continue until they are all disposed of. Call and get a bargain.

EAST BRADFORD.

A gang of tramps are doing the city and as a consequence back door runners are rather too frequent for comfort. They find Bradford a very easy town to work in the way of begging food as the people here as a rule are very generous and seldom is a tramp turned away without getting a substantial "bite" to eat.

Geo. A. Berry, the well known attorney has been confined to his house a long time by ill health, but his friends hope to see him out again before long.

A meeting of citizens was held at the opera house Tuesday evening to take into consideration the high rates of insurance. Now that the water works have been completed and from the tests that have been made have proved that they are the best works of the size in the state, the people think that it is high time some reduction was made in the insurance rates. To further this end the meeting was called and James Broder chosen chairman. A number of our prominent business men aired their views on the subject, the general opinion prevailing that if the companies would not yield in their rates, to organize a home mutual insurance company. Committees were appointed to look into both of these matters and report at a future meeting.

Sam Entz ordinarily a quiet inoffensive negro but when in his cups a perfect demon, raised a disturbance at Tom Conneeley's hotel on Mechanic street the other day and made things hum in that usually quiet place for a while. Officer McCrea came near being overpowered in trying to arrest him, and would probably but for a vigorous use of the club. Entz was finally overcome after a desperate struggle and thrown into Congress street dungeon. He was fined $25.00 the next morning for his fun.

At the citizens meeting in the opera house Tuesday evening several speakers had occasion to damn the "city press" for decrying the water works system and thus keeping up insurance rates. They were unjust in including the *Era*, as that organ has always shown itself to be a friend of the city, and there has been no uncalled for remarks in its columns against the water works. On the contrary they have united with a majority of our citizens in upholding what is certainly the best system in the country.

The Gem Theatre is now being run by Jack Aberle an old theatrical manager.

Robert Gregg seems to have the pole so far in the race among our democratic friends for the post office and it is altogether likely that he will be our next pm. Bob is a good man for the place and would give general satisfaction. He is a wide awake business man and under his supervision it is safe to say the office would be run in the best possible shape and every convenience given to the public.

Anson McTagg and John Mack were shipped to the county seat Monday to await a charge of larceny. They are mere boys and were detected in some petty thieving which brought them to grief.

Mat Knight a well known character of the island died Monday. She was only 28 years old but had spent a good part of her life in sin and dissipation which finally ended up in a miserable death.

The old water works pump station on water street was burned New Years' morning, it is supposed the result of a New Years' carousal in the building by some parties. The councils have appointed a committee to investigate the matter.

Jupiter

Bradford, Pa. Jan 6 1885.

Letter From Eldred.

Legh Dakota's grip is not letting up. Bang! Damn Factory life, sunshine death ———? More victims of the nitro-fiend.

The Peoples Theatre company all next week, "ten cents." Take your best girl."

Another happy couple, Frank Doane to Miss Avery by Rev. Waterbury Miller.

LIVE NOTES.

That everybody remarks

That the "Club rink" takes the cake

That Frank Havens is getting there

That Brownie has kept his Haven

That Dan goes every night since ——— came home from school.

That Walt did not go to Rowley's dance but where was ———

That everybody watched Mel totin' the young lady down street Monday.

That Havens hides his skates now

That The Healy has more grit than discretion.

That Ernie the great one legged skater holds forth at the Club next Tuesday.

TOWN DOTS.

Got any picture cards?

By actual count Eldred has two dogs to every voter.

Need not look for any failures in Eldred, our merchants are as solid as McKean's hemlock.

Prof. Flemming's dainty touch, has been a great benefit to those horrid boys. 'Tis a common remark that we never had a better school.

H. Foster of Sheewater, Minn., with his daughter, Eva, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Watsman.

Tush! Eleven birds on a side, location near Eldred. This side of the hill vs Bradford City.

W. A. Young, W. M.; A. B. Rowley, S. W.; P. O. Heasley, J. W.; C. C. Moses, Treas.; C. Y. White, Sec'y. Result of the Masonic election.

J. D. Downing has removed his office from Sartwell's to the rear of the bank.

Our side walks are in horrible shape in some parts of the town. Where are our city dads.

The true inwardness of the Democratic ox-roast comes to the front. Rumor says they still owe the darkey that roasted it.

Still another couple made happy.—Will Prentiss to Miss Alma Litterfield by Rev. Parkhurst.

Only eleven aspirants for postmaster. May's old shoes.

Who will be our next J. P.

Eureka.

Eldred, Pa., Jan. 8th, '85.

Mr. Dana, of the New York *Sun*, is of the opinion that Henry Ward B. swallowed dynamite during the late campaign and has blown himself up.

Farmers, Attention!—All kinds of condition powders for cattle, horses and sheep, at the lowest prices, at H. C. Wells' drug store.

When Baby was sick, we gave her CASTORIA.
When she was a Child, she cried for CASTORIA.
When she became Miss, she clung to CASTORIA.
When she had Children, she gave them CASTORIA.

Bargains in hats, bonnets, &c., guaranteed at Mrs. Nash's.

All kinds of smoking and chewing tobacco at H. C. Wells'.

Finest cigars in town at H. C. Wells drug store.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

CENTAUR LINIMENT

An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

THE OLD STAND-BY!

I have purchased of Messrs. G. R. Moore & Son their livery business and have the Knapp barn on Water street, and the Bennett house barn on Main street, with stalls for fifty horses.

I have replenished the Livery Department and now have one of the

Largest and Best Equipped

STABLES

In McKean County

With 16 Horses,
New Carriages,
New Harnesses,
And New Robes,

I can furnish my patrons with the best and most complete outfits obtainable in this part of the country. With ample stalls for

Boarding & Transcient Horses.

[illegible]

ORDERS BY TELEGRAPH OR TELEPHONE WILL BE ATTENDED TO WITH DISPATCH.

A fair share of patronage is [illegible] and [illegible]

KNAPP BARN,

WATER STREET

Smethport, Pa., Jan [illegible]

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wolesale and Retail,

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked,

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

☞CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.

Nearly opposite Catholic church. Main st.

J. F. ROONEY.

ISLAND HOME

Stock Farm,

Grosse Ile, Wayne Co., Mich.

SAVAGE & FARNUM, PROPRIETORS.

IMPORTED

Percheron Horses.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the French and American stud books.

ISLAND HOME

Is beautifully situated at the head of Grosse Ile in the Detroit River ten miles below the City and is accessible by railroad and steamboat. Visitors not familiar with the location may call at city office, 8 Campau Building and an escort will accompany them to the farm. Send for catalogue, free by mail. Address, Savage & Farnum, Detroit, Mich.

THE

REMINGTON

Sewing Machine,

LIKE THE

REMINGTON RIFLE,

UNEXCELLED BY ANY.

Sure to Give Satisfaction.

General Office, Ilion, N. Y.

New York Office, 283 Broadway.

Buying Agents Wanted.

HARRISBURG TELEGRAPH!!

The Oldest and Best Newspaper at the State Capital, and Republican in Politics.

IT CONTAINS

THE LATEST NEWS,
STORIES,
MARKET REPORTS,
MISCELLANEOUS READING,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,

and is mailed, postage prepaid, at the following

VERY LOW RATES.

Daily per month	45 cts.
Daily per year	$7 00
Weekly per year	1 25
Weekly to [illegible] club	1 00

Any person sending [illegible] subscriptions will [illegible] one year free of charge. All orders [illegible] accompanied by the cash.

Address

M. W. McALARNEY, Manager,
Harrisburg, Pa.

COLEMAN

Business

COLLEGE, NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

Largest and Best. More [illegible] other school's com[illegible]. Write for circulars. [illegible] & CO. Proprietors.

LEGAL.

Timber Land For Sale.

[illegible] acres [illegible] McKean county [illegible]

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all [illegible]

CARROLL FOLEY
F. A. SMITH
F. E. WOLLEY

Bradford, Pa., Dec. 21, 1884—41

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the McKean & Buffalo R. R. Co. for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other appropriate business will be held at the office of the [illegible] Monday Jan [illegible] in Smethport [illegible] The polls will be open at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] p. m. and remain open until [illegible] o'clock p. m.

FRANKLIN S. [illegible] Sec'y

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 24, 1884—2t

Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBER, JOHN H. NELSON, would inform the public that the team used by Andrew Benson belongs to him which he has rented to him to work. All persons are forbidden to touch said team as it is my property.

JOHN H. NELSON.

Hamlin, Pa., Dec. [illegible] 1884—[illegible]

Property Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property hereinafter mentioned, to-wit: [illegible] team of horses, one bay and one chestnut [illegible] one [illegible] horse [illegible] A lot of sleds, [illegible] harness, log chains, tools, [illegible] and other equipments used by James Landrigan on the job of the Ridgway Lumber Company Limited is the property of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited and is left in the possession of said James Landrigan [illegible] only. All persons are hereby notified [illegible] to meddle or interfere with said property except by the consent of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited.

RIDGWAY LUMBER CO. LIMITED
B. F. CARTWRIGHT Supt.

Ridgway, Pa., Sept. 30, 1884. 41 tf.

Incorporation Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on [illegible] by J. [illegible] T. Griffith, Alexander [illegible] August Peterson, Edward [illegible] William F. Blew and Elisha K. Kane, under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto for the charter of an intended corporation to be called [illegible] Kane Dwelling House Company, the character and object of which are to erect dwelling houses [illegible] in the village of Kane and to rent or sell the same, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

ELISHA K. KANE.

52-t4

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the legislature of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania at its coming session, asking the passage of a law prohibiting cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine from running at large in the township of Keating McKean county, Pennsylvania.

S. P. BECKWITH,
W. A. YOUNG

Keating, Pa., Dec 19, '84—t4.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than it is possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful. 50 cents to $5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business we make this unparalleled offer. To all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immense pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address, Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 52-1y

EXECUTORS OF

THOS. R. FRISBEE

Estate, General Dealers in

DRY - GOODS,

GROCERIES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles

CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY or SHORT-HAND and Type-Writing HERE. Situations furnished. Address Valentine Bros., Janesville Wis. 21-50—1y

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. Hallett & Co. Portland, Maine. 52-1y

Send money by American Express Co. money orders. Receipts given. Money refunded if orders are lost. Sold at all offices of the company. Payable at 6,500 places. Rates: To $5-5c.; $10-8c.; $20-10c.; $30-12c.; $40-15c.; $50-20c.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,
Agent for Company.

20-6m

LEGAL.

Court Proclamation.

THE HON. A. G. OLMSTED, PRESIDENT Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Wednesday, Dec. 24, 1884, and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Tuesday, the 13th day of Jan. 1885, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Dec. 24th, 1884, and in the 109th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Court Proclamation

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED President Judge, and the Hons. H. HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace orphans and court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Wednesday, Dec. 3d 1884, and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of Jan., 1885, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Dec. 29th, 1884, and in the 109th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn in the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, to be summoned for the 3d Monday of January, 1885.

Anderson, John—Wetmore.
Alport, Norman—Foster.
Beers, Charles—Hamlin.
Boyer, C. K.—Foster.
Barnes, Samuel—Hamlin.
Billings, J. W.—Kendall.
Broder, Michael—Eldred.
Chattle, Thomas—Bradford.
Cole, S. W.—Bradford.
Clark, Jude—Lafayette.
Dennis, J. B.—Eldred.
Foster, A. G.—Elkerville.
Feathers, J. Duke Centre.
Fennerty, T. J.—Bradford.
Glover, Richard—Sergeant.
Gridley, John—Gridley.
Griffin, M. M.—Liberty.
Heath, J. J.—Liberty.
Huntingdon, M.—Foster.
Husband, W. C.—Bradford.
Handy, Seth—Bradford.
Kane, E. K.—Wetmore.
Kilburg, D. W.—Sawyer City.
Lockhart, Robert—Bradford.
Lutting, Martin A.—Foster.
Morse, N. Y.—Rixford.
McGowan, James—Wetmore.
McQuone, Tarney—Keating.
Maxon, E. J.—Ceres.
Niholf, J.—Bradford.
Post, Joseph—Bradford.
Perry, John—Sergeant.
Prentiss, W. A.—Prentissvale.
Vickery, Frank—Eldred.
Vosburg, O.—Port Allegany.
Young, Herman—Keating.

D. F. PATTISON, } Jury Coms.
E. F. CLARK, }
A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Attest: JNO. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec 29th, 1884.

Trial List

FOR THIRD MONDAY OF JANUARY 1885.

1. John Carlson vs John Digel. No 630 Oct term 1884. Labor Claim.
2. M. Johnson vs John Digel. No 631 Oct term 1884. Labor Claim.
3. Joseph Post vs Dr. Wm. P. Book. No 127 Sept term 1878. Attachment under Act of 1869.
4. Wm. K. King vs the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Co. No 57 Sept term 1878. Appeal from report of viewers.
5. T. D. Mooney vs H. R. Lamb and C. H. Cramer. No [illegible] term 1879. Appeal.
6. Skinner & Cobb vs Lamb & O'Del. No 30 Sept term 1879. Appeal.
7. Peter McMahan and Owen McMahan as M. Mahan Bros. vs R. J. Straight. No 80 Dec term [illegible] Appeal.
8. C. T. Bradburn vs J. W. Humphrey. No 58 [illegible] term 1880. Appeal.
9. Amanda M. Gallup by her next friend Orton [illegible] vs Dorton O. Gallup. No 183 Feb'y term 1880. Petition in divorce.
10. [illegible] Hurt vs B. McKean & Co. and J. L. Snyder garnishee. No 67 May term 1880. Attachment in execution.
11. The Producers and Manufacturers Bank of Titusville to the use of H. B. Porter and D. Emery vs L. N. Benninghoff. No 494 Sept term 1880. Appeal.
12. Wm. M. Boggs vs wife vs Edward F. Willetts and Amelia Willetts his wife in right of wife and Isaac Willetts. No 271 Dec term 1880. Ejectment for land in Foster township lots 8 and 9 [illegible] farm.
13. Michael Tobin and wife vs Bradford, Bordell & Smethport R. R. Co. Appeal from report of viewers.
14. George A. Walker vs James Stanton. No 414 Feb'y term 1881. Replevin.
15. N. E. Jones vs A. Backus and Lucina Rogers. No 313 Feb'y term 1881. Ejectment for land in Smethport.
16. T. W. Coles vs Sarah Walker, J. M. Tait & [illegible] No 582 May term 1881. Ejectment for land in Bradford city. Lot No. [illegible], Warrant [illegible].
17. Charles Willing and Phineas P. Morris trustees of estate formerly of Wm. Bingham the [illegible] deceased vs Enoch Briggs. No 95 Sept term 1881. Ejectment for land in Keating township.
18. James Cassada, Effie Cassada in right of the wife vs R. Sartwell High Sheriff of McKean county. No 311 Sept term 1881. Appeal.
19. [illegible] Hooker vs D. J. Keyes. No 436 Sept term 1881. Appeal.
20. F. R. Young vs B. F. Brinton. No 575 Sept term 1881. Appeal.
21. J. S. Sheppard vs N. Y. L. E. & W. R. R. Co. No [illegible] Sept term 1881. Case.
22. A. H. Corey executor of the estate of Wm. [illegible] deceased vs G. W. Rice. No 279 Dec term 1881. Sci fa to revive judgment.
23. Knapp's Creek Oil Co. Limited use of Aug [illegible] W. Newell, S. G. Shick, H. W. Pew, E. W. Stephens, [illegible] Potts and Jackson Simmons vs the K. & E. [illegible] No 357 Dec term 1881. Case.
24. Mary B. Murphy by her next friend David Stuart vs Alexander Murphy. No 80 Feb'y term 1882. Divorce.
25. John W. King vs A. T. Newell. No 133 Feb'y term 1882. Assumpsit.

F. R. BRAWLEY, Clerk.

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 29, 1884.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FAcias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, Pa. on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 13th, 1885,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following parcels of land, to wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Otto township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, a part of Warrant No. 4003, described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of the Saunders lot at stake and stones in Warrant line, witnessed by five beech trees, running thence south 86 ¼ degrees east 65 11-25 rods along the north line of said lot to a stake and stones, thence south 3 ¾ degrees west 4 14-25 rods to a stake and stones, thence north 86 ¾ degrees west 31 22-25 rods to a stake and stones, thence south 3 ¾ degrees west 1 13-25 rods to a stake and stones, thence north 86 ¼ degrees west 20 15-25 rods to a stake and stones on the Warrant and township line, and thence north 3 ¾ degrees east 44 6-25 rods along the township line to the place of beginning, containing fifty acres of land more or less, with six oil wells complete, six carpenter rigs, one boiler, six engines, tanks, tank houses, tubing, casing, water and steam pipes and connections.

ALSO—All that certain piece or tract of land situated in Otto township, McKean county and state of Pennsylvania, part of Warrant No. 4003, described as follows: Beginning a chestnut post and stones in Forman's northeast corner, thence east 104 rods to a post in Wm. Middaugh's west line, thence south on Middaugh's west line 45 10-25 rods to a stake and stones in the Duke and Bradford road, thence along the road south 65 ¾ degrees west 32 7-25 rods, thence south 85 ¾ degrees west 13 14-25 rods, thence south 88 degrees west 1 4-25 rods to a post marked 4 and 5, thence west 21 21-25 rods to a post marked 5 and 4, thence south 10 22-25 rods to a post marked 3 and 4, thence south 79 ¼ degrees west 31 15-25 rods to a post in the southeast corner of land conveyed to Geo. V. Forman, thence north 30 10-25 rods to the place of beginning, containing 43 ¼ acres of land more or less, with all buildings thereon erected and thirteen oil wells, thirteen carpenter rigs, two boilers, eleven engines, oil tanks, tank-houses, tubing, casing, water and steam pipes and connections.

ALSO—All that certain piece or tract of land situate in Lafayette township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, being the south part of lot No. 129 of Bingham lands in said township, described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of the south part of lot No. 129 of the allotment of Bingham lands in said township contracted to George Carnwall et. al., thence along the west line of said south part of lot No. 129 north two degrees west one hundred and eight perches, thence along the south line of the north part of lot No. 129 north eighty-eight degrees and five-eighths west eighty perches and one-tenth, thence along the east line of the east part of lot No. 128 south two degrees west one hundred and eight perches, thence along the south line of Warrant No. 2244 south eighty-eight degrees and five-eighths, east eighty perches and one-tenth to the place of beginning, containing fifty four acres and one-tenth of an acre strict measure, together with all buildings thereon, nine oil wells complete, nine carpenter rigs, two boilers, eight engines, tanks, tank-houses, casing, tubing, water and steam pipes and all connections.

ALSO—All the right, title and interest of the defendant in lot No. 130 of the Bingham lands as surveyed and mapped, situate in Lafayette township McKean county Pennsylvania, part of Warrant No. 2244, being the north part of said lot together with all buildings thereon erected, nine oil wells complete, nine carpenter rigs complete, two boilers, seven engines, tanks, tank-houses, oil tanks, tubing, casing, steam and water pipes and all connections.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Bradford township, McKean county and state of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Beginning at a stake marking the northwest corner of lot No. 5 and the northeast corner of lot No. 4 of lands of Clark, Babcock & Hulings, thence along the north line of said lot No. 5 south 86 degrees east 70 31-100 rods to a stake, thence south 3 degrees, 45 minutes west 33 52-100 rods to a small tree marking the northeast corner of lands of Gorman & Co., thence along the north line of said lease north 86 degrees west 30 90-100 rods to a stake, thence along the west line of said lease south 3 degrees and 45 minutes west 30 20-100 rods to a beech tree corner, thence north 86 degrees west 44 60-100 rods to a beech tree corner, thence north 3 degrees 45 minutes east 80 30-100 rods to the place of beginning, containing twenty-five acres and seventy-two one hundredths (25 72-100), being part of lot No. 5, Warrant 4001, together with all buildings thereon erected, 2 oil wells complete, 2 carpenter rigs complete, engines, boilers, tanks, oil tanks, tank-houses, casing, tubing, rods, water and steam pipes and all connections.

ALSO—Two iron tanks of the capacity of twenty-five thousand barrels each, marked "Baker & Malone," No. 235 and 236, situated in Bradford township aforesaid.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George A. Baker, at the suit of Hilton & Waugh, use of John Satterfield.

A. L. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa., Dec. 16 1884.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE COMING!

If your husband is the possessor of a mustache which soaks up more than a table-spoonful of coffee at one sip come right to me and get a

Hand Decorated Mustache Cup!

For a Christmas gift, thereby making him presentable immediately after as well as before meal. At the same time get your Children some of the new A. B. C. PLATES, and they will know the alphabet before they can talk plainly. My stock of

STAND AND LIBRARY LAMPS.

Cannot be excelled this side of New York. No good husband will let his wife work by the light of an ordinary lamp when a first-class one can be procured for less money than the old one cost. Don't be the laughing stock of your neighborhood any longer but put into your wife's stocking the night before Christmas a beautiful lamp and make her happy for at least a week. I have a fine line of

Table and Pocket Cutlery!

The prices for which will astonish the natives. Who ever heard of a boy old enough to open his fist who did not look for a pocket knife as one of his Christmas presents. He always takes it as an insult when that article is left out. I have just the kind that will suit him and another quality that will suit the "old man." The wife and mother will bear this fact in mind on the 24th of this month. I have a plenty of

ROGERS' PLATED GOODS,

to supply this entire community. Every one knows these are the standard goods of the world, and at present prices every family can afford to have them. What a splendid Christmas present a set of triple plated spoons or knives and forks make.

I am too modest to say anything about my prices on

HEATING STOVES

of which I have a full supply. But before purchasing I would suggest to those who are in want of a stove or range to investigate my prices. They are somewhat confidential and yet not strictly so. I don't hesitate to give them to cash customers.

Because I am selling what

CROCKERY!

is bought in this community is no reason why I should neglect to say that I am still prepared to supplp the demand and at prices the most economical won't grunt over. At

L. W: MASON'S STORE,

Three doors west of the Kittredge Opera House building.

W. R. WEAVER. 1876—1884. L. EMERY, JR.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO

41 and 43 Main Street,

BRADFORD PENN'A.

GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE.

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS, AND JOBBERS.

HOUSE SUPPLIES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WOODEN WARE,
BRUSHES, BASKETS,
GRANITE IRON WARE,
COMMON TINWARE,
BLACKSMITHS' SUPPLIES,
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES

SILVER-PLATED WARE,

Solid Sterling Silver Spoons.

BABY CARRIAGES,

BOYS WAGONS AND CARTS,

GENERAL HARDWARE,

THE BEST KEDZIE WATER FILTER.

☞You can purchase anything you want at this Establishment.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

BRADFORD, - - PA

Vol. XXII.

The McKean County Miner, January 9, '85.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA

Cleanses the system of all its impurities, tones the stomach, regulates the heart, unlocks the secretions of the liver, strengthens the nerves and invigorates the brain.

PERUNA

[illegible]

PERUNA

We can produce [illegible] with Peruna the like of which never before [illegible] with any medicine of [illegible] by any physician. [illegible] Columbus, Ohio.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

WHAT IS IT?

A strictly vegetable preparation, composed of a choice and skillful combination of Nature's best remedies. The discoverer does not claim it a cure for all the ills, but boldly warrants it cures every form of disease arising from a torpid liver, impure blood, disordered kidneys, and where there is a broken down condition of the System, requiring a prompt and permanent tonic, it never fails to restore the sufferer. Such is BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Sold by all druggists, who are authorized by the manufacturers to refund the price to any purchaser who is not benefited by their use.

PRICE, $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Props.,

BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

Health is Wealth!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

THOMPSON & WOOD, Druggists,

BRADFORD, PA.

ELY'S

CATARRH

CREAM BALM Cleanses the Head, Allays Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste And Smell. A quick & Positive Cure.

HAY-FEVER

50 cents at druggists. 60 cents by mail registered. Sample by mail 10 cents. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

DOWNS' ELIXIR.

N. H. DOWNS'

Vegetable Balsamic

ELIXIR

This valuable medicine is purely vegetable; the discovery of which was the result of many years' close study, in order to discover the cause, the symptoms, and the cure—viz: Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis, and every species of oppression of the Chest and Lungs. In all cases where this Elixir has been duly administered its efficacy has been invariably manifested, convincing the most incredulous that

CONSUMPTION

is not incurable, if properly attended to.— Consumption, at its commencement, is but a slight irritation of the membrane which covers the Lungs, then an inflammation, when the cough is more observable, but rather dry; then becomes local fever and the pulse more frequent, the cheeks flushed and chills more common. This Elixir in curing the above complaints, operates so as to remove all morbid irritation and inflammation from the lungs to the surface, and finally expel them from the system. It facilitates expectoration.

It heals the ulcerated surfaces

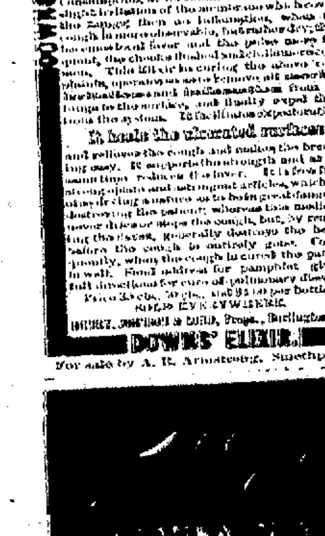
and relieves the cough and makes the breathing easy. It supports the strength and at the same time reduces the fever. It is free from strong opiate and astringent articles, which are of so drying a nature as to be in great danger of destroying the patient; whereas this medicine never dries or stops the cough, but, by removing the cause, generally destroys the hectic before the cough is entirely gone. Consequently, when the cough is cured the patient is well. Send address for pamphlet, giving full directions for cure of pulmonary diseases. Price 35 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00 per bottle.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

DOWNS' ELIXIR.

For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.



The only college in the world that allows students to hold the merits before paying tuition. Address [illegible]

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years. W. H. MOORE."

Durham, Ia., March 2, 1882.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

CONSUMMATION.

[R. A. Goodridge in The Current.]

Within a valley, kept by sleeping hills
From noise and madness of the far-off world,
A singer dwelt. The voice of torrents whirled
Through rock-rent chasms, myriad thrills
Of wind-blown woodland, gush of joy which spills
From bird-heart overfull, sweet echoes swirled
From peak to peak, the cricket's note that trills
His evening lay when every wing is furled—

All these he knew and gladly would he teach
In lovely song, but lacked one needful tone,
Long sought in vain until a sea-worn beach
He found, and, standing on a shore unknown,
Heard the wild music that no art can reach,
Gray ocean making its eternal moan.

REMEDIES FOR HUMAN PASSIONS.

What a Homeopathic Physician Proposes to Do in Science.

[Galignani's Messenger.]

A physician of the homeopathic school at Lyons professes, seriously, to have discovered a remedy for human passions—those moral diseases, such as envy, hatred, malice, anger, jealousy, obstinacy, avarice, etc., which render so many homes unhappy. In a pamphlet to show "how homeopathy may improve the character of a man and develop his intelligence," he gives some wonderful instances of the cures alleged to have been effected by his special treatment, which he declares to be infallible.

In one case, a suspicious, jealous and violent husband who had ill treated his wife for a period of sixteen years was cured, unconsciously to himself, by a few globules of nux vomica dropped quietly into his broth, and his wife was soon delighted to hear him humming some operatic airs and addressing her as "cherie," "ma pauvre petite," etc. After a few days' experience of this regime the terrible Bartholo was transformed into the tenderest of husbands. By a skillful alternation of other medicaments a rascally husband was corrected of his inherent faults and will ful outbursts of anger. A miserly father, on being subjected to a few doses of calcarea carbonica, gave his consent to his daughter's marriage, which he had previously resisted. By the same medicine, varied in its preparation, a young student, who was backward in mathematics, was enabled to master the science without further study. The calcarea carbonica, it will be noted, cured a miser and a dolt both suffering from the tyranny of sums and figures.

The Lyons physician has an antidote for everything, nux vomica for jealousy, sulphur for drunkenness, silicea for obstinacy, arsenicum album for malice, and belladonna for imbecility. Those patients who do not happen to be laboring under these infirmities and for whom the remedies just mentioned might be prescribed for other ailments, will probably protest against their use. But unhappy partners, who believe in the efficacy of this latest application of the science of homeopathy, may be tempted to resort to it as a means of avoiding a divorce, and certain husbands invoke its aid against their mothers-in-law.

Maine's Curious Mounds.

[New York Post.]

"The curious part of this shell heap business," said a native of Newcastle who had joined the party, "is that, though here is a heap containing millions of oyster shells, there is not an oyster bed to be found on the coast of Maine to-day, and not alone this, but here are these shells ten miles from the sea, up this river, where oysters would not live under any circumstances, so it seems that they were brought here at least ten miles in boats, and as there are enough here to have taken several large boats a number of years to bring them, it is evident that the heap is the result of the work of a lifetime of some race or people.

"Absolutely nothing is known about the mounds. When the very first settlers came here the mounds were just as they are now, and the great trees were growing up from them just as now. The mounds of Pemaquid are similar to these, and in the earliest chronicles of that place there is nothing to throw the faintest light upon their history. Here they were when the country was first discovered by the whites, and the only theory that we can entertain is that they are the works of the very ancient New England tribes of Indians.

Uses of the Passion Flower.

[Scientific American.]

According to Dr. George W. Winterburn, the therapeutic uses of the white passion flower resembles the bromides on one hand and gelseminum on the other. It is one of our best hypnotics, producing a quiet, pleasant sleep altogether different from the comatose stupor of morphia, and from which the patient may be aroused at any moment. It may be given in doses of two or three drops of the tincture or low dilution. Even in the worst form of sleeplessness, that associated with suicidal mania, this drug will produce quiet slumber, from which the patient awakens with clear mind and rational thoughts. In its control of convulsion, passiflora closely resembles gelseminum. It will be found of service in opisthotonos, trismus and tetanus.

Keep Out the Cold.

[Scientific American.]

Cracks in floors, around the mould board, or other parts of a room, may be neatly and permanently filled by thoroughly soaking newspapers in paste made of one pound of flour, three quarts of water, and a tablespoonful of alum, thoroughly boiled and mixed. The mixture will be about as thick as putty, and may be forced into the cracks with a case knife. It will harden like papier mache.

[Juan Jacques.]

In European countries when men suddenly acquire wealth they go slowly and imitate the habits and conventionalities of the well-born and high-bred families. This is true in some degree of the seaboard cities of America. But in the west there is a swagger which is perhaps born of the consciousness of self-earned wealth and so of personal power, and this begets a raw and pronounced social life.

I was shown three new houses on the north side of the city that are "chefs d'oeuvre" in the way of suiting one thing to another. Comme il faut is a description that qualifies absolutely nothing in American life. One of these houses is a castle. It is a bit of architecture suitable for the banks of the Rhine or to be placed in the center of some vast baronial estate. Here it is on a piece of land about the size of one's hand. Here is a pile of stone in the midst of surroundings that make the home a jest. One bursts out laughing to see this "castle" stuck within ten feet of a narrow city street. Then there are two wealthy brothers who have built two great houses of somber mien and bungling proportions, and stables to match, all on a lot of land the size of a nutmeg. But this is in a country where gentlemen wear uncleaned boots, split their own firewood or "kindling" and wear diamond pins and rings while doing their work.

Deaf Mutes in Ancient Greece.

[Exchange.]

Among the ancient Greeks deaf mutes were looked upon as a disgrace to humanity, and under the barbarous laws of Lycurgus they were exposed to death. Nor was highly cultured Athens less cruel than Sparta toward these unfortunate creatures. Deaf mute children were pitilessly sacrificed without a voice being heard on their behalf. Aristotle declared congenital deaf mutes to be incapable of instruction, and this was the universal opinion of classical antiquity. The Romans treated the unfortunates with the same cruelty as the Greeks. As soon as a child was found to be deaf and dumb it was sacrificed to the Tiber. Only those escaped whom the waves washed back to the shore, or whom the natural love of their parents kept hidden from the eyes of the world.

Woman's Suffering and Relief.

Those languid, tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet; that constant drain that is taking from your system all its former elasticity; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain upon your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system, are relieved at once while the special cause of periodical pain are permanently removed. None receive so much benefit, and none are so profoundly grateful, and show such an interest in recommending Hop Bitters as women.

A Postal Card Story.

I was affected with kidney and urinary Trouble—
"For twelve years!"
After trying all the doctors and patent medicines I could hear of, I used two bottles of Hop
"Bitters;"
And I am perfectly cured. I keep it
"All the time!" respectfully, B. F. Booth, Saulsbury, Tenn.—May 4, 1883.

BRADFORD, PA., May 8, 1875.

It has cured me of several diseases, such as nervousness, sickness at the stomach, monthly troubles, etc. I have not seen a sick day in a year since I took Hop Bitters. All my neighbors use them. MRS. FANNIE GREEN.

$3,000 Lost.

"A tour to Europe that cost me $3,000, done me less good than one bottle of Hop Bitters; they also cured my wife of fifteen years' nervous weakness, sleeplessness and dyspepsia." R. M., Auburn, N. Y.

So. BLOOMINGVILLE, O., May 1, '79.

SIRS—I have been suffering ten years, and I tried your Hop Bitters, and it done me more good than all the doctors. MISS S. S. BOONE.

Baby Saved.

We are so thankful to say that our nursing baby was permanently cured of a dangerous and protracted constipation and irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength.
—The Parents, Rochester, N. Y.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

BLIND TOM has broken out in concert spots in the south.

WHERE THE FIRE IS OUT.

Magic no More a Mystery—Seen From Across the World.

"Blossom of Sleep," said Sir Philip Sidney, [illegible] to his magic words. [illegible] the true art in healing is to assist nature to throw off the disease [illegible] the whole system [illegible] reconstruction of the [illegible] structure of the best physicians [illegible] Remember, the nervous system and the organs of the body [illegible] irregularly destroyed, medical science [illegible] ways relieve, and often save. [illegible] physician [illegible] to the [illegible] during the patient's ability to resist. [illegible] strengthen it.

In this intelligent and beneficent work, it is conceded that PARKER'S TONIC leads all other medicines. As an invigorant it acts immediately and powerfully upon the circulation and the organs of digestion, thus giving nature the assistance she calls for. Ailments that affect the stomach, kidneys and liver are at once relieved or cured. Nowhere [illegible] combines the same qualities or produces similar results, or is detected in use. [illegible] Price 50c. and $1. Hiscox & Co., New York.

A SIXTEEN YEAR-old boy in Troy, N. H., recently hanged himself in his sleep.

New Testimonials of Dennis' Remedies.

DEAR SIR: I hereby testify that before I commenced using your Blood Liver and Kidney Cure, about three months since, my nervous system was completely prostrated and I find that it is all that I could ask for my case. Mrs. J. E. Shoemaker, Smethport, Pa., Sept. 25th, 1884.

The above testimony is one of hundreds that I get in every direction where I go for the article referred to and the full list of my goods, such as: The Great Panacea, Dennis' Superior Cough Syrup, Balm of Gilead Salve, etc. Price 25 cts. Each for sale by E. B. McCoy, Smethport, Pa., and also by the Proprietor and manufacturer formerly of Prentiss Vale.

C. F. DENNIS, Eldred, Pa.

THE emperor of Austria is noted for having the largest collection of pipes in Europe.

THE Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's consumption cure."

ARE you made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's vitalizer is a positive cure.

WHY will you cough when Shiloh's cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.

SHILOH'S catarrh remedy—a positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria and canker mouth.

"HACKMETACK" a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents.

SHILOH'S cure will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis.

FOR dyspepsia and liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's vitalizer. It never fails to cure.

A NASAL Injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's catarrh remedy. Price 50 cents.

Sold by H. O. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

THE German reichstag will discuss this winter the abolition of capital punishment.

$50 goes if Centaurine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corks, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by W. T. Callar. Price 50 cts.

MR. H. M. HOLMES, the well-known cheese buyer of Arcade, died recently at his home, aged 65.

Why waste Time and Money

On that which does no good. Your children have worms and are cross, always hungry, sleepless, puny and weak from the presence of worms in the stomach which prevents the food being taken up to nourish the body. Parmelee's Santonine Worm Candies will dissolve and remove the worms and then all will be well. You cannot do better by your children than to attend to their health. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

CORNELIUS O. AULTMAN, the millionaire manufacturer of Canton, Ohio, died suddenly on Christmas evening.

At Home and Abroad.

At church and theatre, in the counting house and work room, in fact everywhere is heard that hacking cough which soon develops into congestion or inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, pneumonia, and consumption. Be wise in time. Immediate relief and cure can be cheaply obtained. Hamilton's Cough Balsam will surely give you relief from these throat and lung troubles that often terminate in death. Instant relief in croup, and a subduer of whooping cough. Your consumptive friend will be greatly benefited. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

WOMAN first tempted man to eat; but he took to drinking on his own account.

Mr. Gough on Silk Hats.

"It would be no violation of the commandment," said John B. Gough, "if a man were to fall down and worship the silk hat, for it is not made in the likeness of anything in heaven, or on earth, or in the waters which are under the earth." Besides it heats the head and causes the hair to fall off. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop that and restore the original color to gray or faded hair. Not oily, not a dye, beneficial, deliciously perfumed. A perfect hair dressing. 50 cents. All druggists.

A GAME of baseball was played in Boston on a recent Monday night by electric lights.

A Mean Old General Routed.

Old "General Debility" has been put to flight in Arkansas, with happy results. From Brinkley, from Webb City, and from Walnut Ridge, Messrs. P. E. Anderson, E. M. Taylor and F. S. Pinchbeck respectively write that they were all afflicted with general debility, and received solid benefit from Brown's Iron Bitters. This is pleasant to know, not only for Arkansas people, but for all sections of the country where General Debility has counted victims by the thousand. For sale everywhere.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

"WHAT are the natural products of Kentucky?" asked the teacher.
"Tobacco!" yelled little Sammy.
"What else?"
"Whisky!" yelled Tommy.
"What else?"
"Kernels!" yelled Johnny.

PATTI, it is said, guards herself carefully against cold. She evidently does not believe in free concerts, but does believe in the free use of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, as it has cured her several times.

THE Haverly theatre, Chicago, is to be rechristened "McConnell's."

BILLIOUSNESS, Headache and Dyspepsia cured by the use of Shedd's Little Mandrake Pills, small and easy to take.

THE theatre business was never at a lower ebb in the west than at present.

HAPPINESS in a household. Shedd's Excelsior Cough Syrup.

"HUGH CONWAY" is making $750 in royalties per week on "called back."

MANY PERSONS in Pittston are using Ely's Cream Balm, a catarrh remedy, with most satisfactory results. A lady is recovering the sense of smelling which she had not enjoyed for fifteen years. She had given up her case as incurable. Mr. Barber has used it in his family and recommends it very highly. A Tunkhannock lawyer, known to many of our readers, testified that he was cured of partial deafness.—Pittston (Pa.) *Gazette.* Not a liquid or snuff. Fifty cents.

THE Rhode Island locomotive works are building sixty new locomotives for the elevated railroads.

A SEAMSTRESS has counted the stitches in a shirt. There are 20,669.

SOME say "consumption can't be cured." Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, as proved by forty years' experience, will cure this disease when not already advanced beyond the reach of medical aid. Even then its use affords very great relief, and insures refreshing sleep.

GOVERNOR CRITTENDEN, of Missouri, is an enthusiast over baseball.

M. PASTEUR, the noted French scientist, is going to Rio Janeiro to study yellow fever.

HOGS raised about distilleries are very often subject to inflammation of the lungs and liver. These troubles may be easily avoided by keeping Day's Horse and Cattle Powder in their swill. One package to the barrel, or *pro rata*, is the proper quantity.

THE fashionable fall flower is the banana peel.

ERYSIPELAS and Salt Rheum was driven entirely away Mrs. J. C. Anderson, Peshtigo, Wis., by Burdock Blood Bitters. No equal as a blood purifier.

THE French parliament will reopen January 13.

FOR Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Cramp and Colic there is no remedy superior to the genuine Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

M. LE BEY has been made an officer of the legion of honor.

THE one answer to all criticism, the best test of all work, is—result.

A NEWBURG woman received $4,000 for a broken rib, and her husband has figured up that at this rate she is worth about $216,000.

Eating and Starving.

It is all the same, for you are sure to suffer from piles. No worse torture can be conceived. Blind or itching piles are unequaled for annoyance, but by a few applications of Parmelee's Pile Suppositories they entirely disappear. The knife is often resorted to by physicians for the removal of protruding piles, but such barbarity is not a necessity for Parmelee's Pile Suppositories used according to directions, quickly reduce, replace and drive them away. Warranted to cure. Price 50 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

The Throat

Is often diseased on account of catarrh, producing dryness and a constant desire to cough. That tickling sensation and the hoarseness that is so common to public singers and speakers especially, is relieved at once by Hamilton's Cough Troches which are prepared from the most approved formula. Do not wait till acute bronchitis or even consumption takes hold of you. Price only 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"Rough on Rats," clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers, 15c. Druggists.

Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by "Well's Health Renewer."

Ask for Well's "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Rough on Pain" Porused Plaster; strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

Thin People. "Well's Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, headache, nervousness, debility. $1.

Whooping Cough and the many throat affections of children, promptly, pleasantly and safely relieved by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

Mothers, if you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver. If you are losing your grip on life, try "Well's Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Toothache." Instant relief for neuralgia, toothache, faceache. Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15 and 25c.

Pretty Women. Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity. Don't fail to try "Well's Health Renewer."

Catarrhal throat affections, hacking coughs, colds, sore throat, cured by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"Rough on Itch," cures humors, eruptions, ring-worm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

Wide awake three or four hours every night coughing. Get immediate relief and sound rest by using Well's "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

The Best Meat and Vegetable MARKET! —IN— SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

—ALSO,—

VEGETABLES IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

E. B. McCOY,

Druggist & Pharmacist

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always O Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

C. V. GILLIS,

dealer in

Drugs AND Medicines

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

H. A. SPRAGUE'S

HARDWARE STORE,

Opposite the Grand Central,

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishnig Goods

SILVERWARE,

Cutlery, Lamps,

Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,

Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and the best judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

STEWART'S IRON-FIBRE

PAINT AND CEMENT

COLORS RED AND BROWN.

All Ready for Use.

For painting buildings, fences, bridges, roofs, &c., and for repairing and preserving roofs of all kinds. Guaranteed to be more durable and economical than any other paint or cement made. Send for circular to WM. H. STEWART, 74 Courtlandt St., New York.

RISLEY'S WITCH HAZEL.

Cures headache, burns, sprains, cuts, wounds, rheumatism, earache, toothache, blisters, &c. Unequalled in quality at half the price, 6 oz. 25 cts. Pints 50 cts. Quarts $1 per bottle.

RISLEY'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

Valuable in the cure of ulceration and irritation of the kidneys, bladder and urethra, stone, gravel, gleet, [illegible] dropsy, pain in back, loins, &c. $1 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. C. F. RISLEY, 64 Courtlandt St., N. Y.

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLRY

TOYS,

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

Watches against the world for time and money

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,

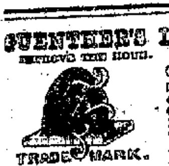
Main St. SMETHPORT, PA

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

AGENTS Wanted for handsome illustrated standard Books & Bibles [illegible] Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED! Energetic, reliable men to sell Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. SALARIES and expenses paid. Experience not essential. Full instructions given to inexperienced men. Address, LeCLARE & HEDRICH, Brighton, N. Y. One mile east of Rochester.

MISCELLANEOUS.



GUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER, FOR THE CURE OF CONSUMPTION, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Price, [illegible] cents and $1.00. Ask your Druggist for it. GUENTHER & CO. Pittsburgh.

TRADE MARK.

COLEMAN Business COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.

[illegible] students from Pennsylvania in 1883. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life scholarship, $40. Write for circulars. H. COLEMAN & PALMS, Proprietors.

Steam Engines, Clay and Ore Pans Hoisting Engines and Machinery a Specialty. Second-hand Engines and Boilers on hand. Send for Stock List. THOMAS CARLIN, Allegheny City.

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

A hacking cough, itching of the nose, grinding of the teeth are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

Sleepless nights, convulsions and straightening out of the [illegible] in children are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They are a sure and safe remedy for the cure of worms in adults and children. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

The most pleasant and easy remedy to take with the best results are

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They have been on the market for fifteen years and have always given satisfaction in every case. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

When your druggist offers you anything else do not take it, but make him send and get

E. K. THOMPSON'S SWEET WORM POWDERS.

Prepared at Titusville, Pa. Price 25c. Sent to any postoffice address on receipt of 25 cents.

Michigan Buggy Co.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.

Wholesale Manufacturers of all kinds of Open and Top BUGGIES and ROAD CARTS. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for catalogue and price list. FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.

We also manufacture a full line of CUTTERS, including Swell Body, Portland, Square, [illegible] two seat Portland and Poney Sleighs. Send for cuts and prices to [illegible]

MICHIGAN BUGGY CO., KALAMAZOO, Mich.

FERNANDO E. SMITH'S

PATENT SPRINKLER

—AND—

Novelty Force Pump.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY. SAVE YOUR FRUIT. SAVE YOUR FLOWERS. Save everything that makes home pleasant and profitable. It has no equal. It throws a strong stream sixty feet or more.

With the Sprinkler attached it spreads the water in a gentle shower or spray. For washing windows or carriages, and showering lawns, gardens and greenhouses, it has no equal. It is adapted to throwing liquid solutions of all kinds to destroy noxious insects and bugs of every nature, on plant, vine or tree, and should be kept in every house, store and factory in the country as a protection against fire.—*Sold by Traveling Agents.* Send for circulars and price lists.

FERNANDO E. SMITH, Manufacturer & Patentee, 180 East 4th St., Canton, Ohio.

THE

D. W. Miller Carriage Co.

Manufacture a large variety of LIGHT and HEAVY CARRIAGES, PHAETONS, CARTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, &C.,

After the most approved designs at the very lowest prices consistent with good workmanship.

—50,000 vehicles—

of our manufacture are now in use in this and foreign countries and attest the excellence of our goods by the universal satisfaction which they give.—Every vehicle is WARRANTED.—Special attention will be given to mail orders. CATALOGUES FREE.

D. W. Miller Carriage Co., E. Fifth St., Calvert St. and Eggleston Ave., CINCINNATI, O.

PETER HENDERSON & CO'S SEEDS AND PLANTS Are Annually Sown and Planted in Half a Million Gardens! This Year's Catalogue Free on Application. PETER HENDERSON & CO. 35 & 37 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 52y1

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH

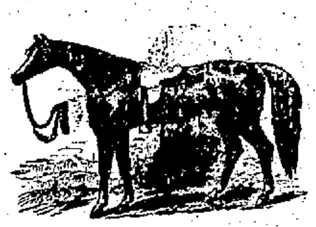
Easy to use. A certain cure. Not expensive. Three months' treatment in one package. Good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Dizziness, Hay Fever, &c. Fifty cents. By all Druggists, or by mail. E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

O. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so that the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box, can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. T. Brown, Monroe, Texas, writes: "I suffered with Asthma 9 years. Your Great Remedy completely cured it. [illegible] I wish all afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to send for it. Publish this for the benefit of the afflicted." Should your druggist not keep the Remedy, I can send it by mail on receipt of price $1.00. For sale by all druggists. Address: D. LANGELL, Apple Creek, Ohio.

A PRESENT OF $50.00 —TO— Horsemen and Farmers.



CENTAURINE!

—THE GREAT—

Cleansing and Healing Compound

Is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever, or Wounds of any kind on Horse or Man. Centaurine has had a local reputation for twenty years, dating back to the fall of [illegible], when [illegible] product of petroleum was discovered. This is no advertising dodge. The above $50.00 goes. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Reasonable actions are binding in its regard. [illegible] Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE

HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation free from any [illegible] local reputation with Centaurine. They are put up in 25 cent packages. The [illegible] Centaurine and Horse Powder the best [illegible] in the market. Price 25 cents per box.

[illegible]

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment

The great [illegible] of nature in softening the hardened and feverish hoofs. Try a package of these valuable preparations and if they don't prove as represented, \$50 your present. Price 25 cents per [illegible]. Manufactured by

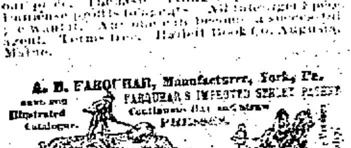
WILSON & BRENEMAN, Pharmaceutists, KENDALL CREEK, PA.

For sale at W. T. Callar's, Smethport, Pa.

AGENTS Wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Augusta, Maine.

A. B. FARQUHAR, Manufacturer, York, Pa.

FARQUHAR'S IMPROVED STRAW PRESSES



Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Steam Engines and Saw Mills a Specialty.

[illegible] ONE MILLION [illegible] BLAINE [illegible] The Henry Bill Publishing Co., Hartford, Ct.

PATENTS

[illegible] Patent Office [illegible]

WIN [illegible] Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Portland, Maine.

Miscellaneous.

SMETHPORT BAKERY AND GROCERY

A fine variety of Baking constantly on hand.

Always a fine variety of Confectionery.

As fine a variety of Teas and Coffees as can be found in the city, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese constantly on hand, and goods sold cheap for cash.

I am constantly adding Groceries to my stock, which I sell as cheap as can be had in the city.

Give me a call and be convinced.

Goods delivered free to any part of the city.

GEO. E. WOOD, Agt.

Mechanic street, below Wright House. [illegible]

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan. 2, 1885. [illegible]

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

At The Bennett House Barn.

G. H. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior. It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL

EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Estey Organ Co. Brattleboro Vt.

ESTEY ORGAN

When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

COPYRIGHTED 1877

Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this picture, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF AMERICA. Has Haydock's Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Ask your dealer for the T. T. HAYDOCK BUGGY, with the Haydock Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Life is insecure riding over any other.

(This picture will be furnished on a large card, printed in elegant style, to anyone who will agree to frame it.)

[ENCLOSE STAMP.]

Send for Catalogue and Wholesale Price List.

T. T. HAYDOCK, Cor. Plum and Twelfth Sts., CINCINNATI, O.

AGENTS WANTED WHERE WE HAVE NONE! NO INVESTMENT SO PROFITABLE!

ENTERPRISE MANUFACTURING CO., Third and Dauphin Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

READ THIS

BEST IN THE WORLD!

NEW MEAT-CHOPPER

GUARANTEED TO CHOP NOT GRIND THE MEAT.

CHOPS AS SHOWN.

RAPID CLEAN

No. 10, [illegible] FAMILY SIZE. Price, $3.00.

NO STRINGS OR SINEWS CAN PASS THROUGH UNCUT.

FOR CHOPPING Sausage-Meat, Mince-Meat, Hash, Hamburg Steak, Suet, Scrapple, Tripe, Clams, Chicken-Salad, Croquettes, Codfish, Scrap-Meat for Poultry, Etc. VALUABLE COOK-BOOK FREE, WITH EVERY CHOPPER.

CAPACITY. No. 10 chops 1 lb. per minute. $3.00. [illegible]

Send for Catalogue. MENTION THIS PAPER.

Sold by all Hardware Dealers.

Tested and Endorsed by 100 Agricultural Journals.

Farm and Fireside says: "After testing, each editor immediately ordered an Enterprise Meat Chopper for his family use."

American Agriculturist says: "These Choppers excel anything of the kind made in either Hemisphere."

We prefer you buy from your Dealer. If he is out of them, send money to us. We will ship by next fast train.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect Nov. 23, 1884.

NORTHWARD.				STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Ar.	Lv.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
7 05	1 10	8 40		Buffalo	8 00	2 40	5 30
[illegible]	[illegible]	7 51		East Aurora	8 47	3 19	6 16
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		Sardinia Jun	9 20	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		Arcade	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		Machias	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		Franklinville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		Hinsdale	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		Olean	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2 15	8 00			Bradford	10 45	6 45	
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Lv.	Ar.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
[illegible]	[illegible]			Portville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]			Eldred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]			Larrabees	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]			Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]			Emporium	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
p.m.	a.m.		Lv.	Ar.	p.m.	p.m.	
[illegible]				Harrisburg	[illegible]		
[illegible]				Philadelphia	7 50		
[illegible]				New York	10 40		
[illegible]				Baltimore	7 50		
[illegible]				Washington	[illegible]		
p.m.			a.m. Lv.	Ar.	a.m.		

Sunday Trains.—Leave Buffalo 4.20 p. m. arrive Olean 7.15 p.m., leave Olean 7.15 a. m., arrive Buffalo 10.00 a. m. stopping at all stations.

North'd.			ROCHESTER DIVISION.	South'd.		
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rochester	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Terminal	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Scottsville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Avon	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Fowlerville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Cuylerville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mt. Morris	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Tuscarora	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Portage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]		Wiscoy	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Fillmore	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Caneadea	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Belfast	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Cuba	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Hinsdale	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Olean	[illegible]	[illegible]	
p.m.	a.m.		lv	ar p.m.	p.m.	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	lv Nunda ar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]		lv Swaines ar	[illegible]	[illegible]	
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

CLERMONT BRANCH.

Lv Northw'd		STATIONS.	L'v Southw'd.	
P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Larrabees	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Frisbee	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Farmers Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Smethport	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Crosby	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Colegrove	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hamlin	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Wernwag	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Clermont	[illegible]	[illegible]

Narrow Guage System.—Trains leave Olean for Bradford [illegible] a. m., [illegible] p. m. arrive Olean [illegible]. Leave Eldred for Bradford [illegible]. Leave Bradford for Kinzua [illegible]. Sunday Trains.—Leave Olean [illegible] p. m. arrive Olean [illegible] a. m.

Trains are run on Eastern Time.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between Erie and Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington on trains leaving Buffalo at 2.40 p. m. arriving Buffalo [illegible] p. m.

Tickets sold and baggage checked to all principal points.

Get Time Tables giving full information from Company's Agents.

GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Sup't.

J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r. & T'k. Agt. No. 41, Exchange St. Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ERIE NARROW GAUGE SYSTEM. BRADFORD, BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD, and BRADFORD, ELDRED & CUBA RAILROAD. Takes effect Dec. 1, 1884.

			STATIONS.			
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	lv. Smethport ar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Simpson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Davis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Aiken	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Kenzua Jn	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bradford	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rew City	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rixford	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Duke Centre	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Eldred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ceres	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Little Genesee	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bolivar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Richburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Allentown		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Wellsville lv		[illegible]	[illegible]
			N. Y. L. E. & W. RR.			
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Hornellsville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Addison	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Corning	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Elmira	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Binghampton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]		New York	[illegible]	p.m.	p.m.

Sunday Trains leave Smethport at 9.20 a. m. arriving at Bradford at 11.10 a. m. Returning leave Bradford at 4.00 p. m. arriving at Smethport at 5.50 p. m.

B. C. WILLIAMS, Gen. Manager. JNO. C. McKENNA, Gen. Pass. Agt.

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect Jan. 1, 1884.

Westward.		Stations.	Eastward.	
28	20		25	27
p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ar. Cuba Lv	10 00	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Lv. Little Genesee ar	11 42	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bolivar	11 45	[illegible]

B. C. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Man'gr.

JNO. C. McKENNA, G. P. A.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—PHILADELPHIA & Erie R. R. Division.

On and after August 1, 1884, trains will leave Emporium as follows: For Philadelphia, New York and the East, Baltimore, Washington and the South, 8:10 a. m., and 8:30 p. m. on week days.

For Kane, Warren, Corry, Erie and intermediate stations 11:25 a. m. on week days.

For Kane and intermediate stations 7:25 p. m. on week days.

ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG R. R.

New Time Table, take effect Monday, Feb'y 17, 1884.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

EASTWARD.			STATIONS.	WESTWARD.		
Acc.	Mail	Exp	Eastern Time.	Mail	Exp	Acc.
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Rochester lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Scottsville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mumford	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Leroy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pavilion	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wyoming	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Warsaw	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Silver Lake Jun	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Gainesville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pike	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bliss	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Farmersville	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Machias	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ashford	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ellicottville	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bradford June	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Salamanca lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]		Carrollton	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Limestone	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		lv Bradford ar	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Custer City	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Johnsonb'g Jun	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Ridgway	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Little Toby	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Brockwayville	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Falls Creek	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		DuBois	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Sykes	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Big Run	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		Punxsutawney	[illegible]		
	[illegible]		lv Clayville ar	[illegible]		
	a.m.			p.m.		

BUFFALO DIVISION.

EASTWARD.			STATIONS	WESTWARD.		
Exp	Mail	Exp		Mail	[illegible]	
p.m.	p.m.			a.m.	p.m.	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Ar. Buffalo Lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	
			William St. Dep			
[illegible]	[illegible]		Orchard Park	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		West Falls	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Colden	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Springville	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		West Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Ashford	[illegible]	[illegible]	
a.m.	p.m.			a.m.	p.m.	

Trains leaving Buffalo make direct connections at Ashford with all trains on the Rochester Division for all points east and west on this line.

The Express trains connect at Buffalo with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for points east, with L. S. & M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R., and Grand Trunk for all points in Michigan and West; at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for the west, and Erie R. R. for the east. The Express Trains leaving Buffalo connect at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. and Erie railroads for points east and west; at Bradford with Narrow Gauge system for all points in Oil Regions; at Johnsonburg for all points on the P. & E. R. R. The afternoon Express from Buffalo connects at Falls Creek with A. V. R. R. for Pittsburgh and points east and west. Passengers from Pittsburgh for Buffalo and Rochester and intermediate stations, should take the Allegheny Valley R. R. train leaving Union depot, Pittsburgh, at [illegible] p.m. Buffalo passengers take Belt Line R. R. for William Street depot.

Connections for east and west are made at Rochester with the New York Central & Hudson River R. R.; and at Salamanca with the N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, Mansfield, Cincinnati, Chicago and the west, also with the Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and eastern points; at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge System to all points in the oil regions; at Ridgway with P. & E. R. R. for Emporium, Williamsport, Philadelphia and Baltimore; at Falls Creek with Allegheny Valley R. R. for Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the west and south.

I. S. EMERY, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Superintendent.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Sept. 1, 1884.

AR. EASTW'D.		STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D.	
M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Coudersport	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hammonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Olmsted	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Nelsons	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Knowlton	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Mosholle	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pomeroy Bridge	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Burtville	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Silver Spring	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Coleman	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.